THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.



JANUARY

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

Port Almanac—January 10.

Sun Rises	7.10 A M
Sun Sets	5 06 P M
Day's Length	9 h 56 m
High Water at Southport	8.59 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5 22 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 10.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 88°; 8 p. m., 49°; maximum, 58°; minimum, 36°; mean 47°.

Rainfall for the day —; rainfall for the month up to date, T.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair, except possibly rain on the coast; light northerly winds, becoming variable.

Clearing weather is indicated in New England and Florida, and fair weather in other sections. The temperature will remain nearly stationary in the Atlantic coast districts with a slight tendency upwards.

OUTLINES.

The Monroe doctrine occupied much of the attention of Congress yesterday; the general pension appropriation bill was reported in the House. —— The trial of Brown and Satterfield, clerks of the House of Representative of the State Legislature, began in Raleigh yesterday; they are charged with wilfully and negligently permitting the enrollment of the "Assignment Act," —— It is stated that Lord Salisbury's attitude on the Venezuela question is wholly unchanged and that upon no account will he submit to arbitration territory now occupied by British subjects. —— The Navy Department at Washington has information that the British Government is storing coal at St. Lucia, near the Venezuela coast. —— The London *Times* fears a renewal of the crisis between this country and Great Britain; it says the danger is growing, and if it is to be stemmed successfully, it must be stemmed at once. —— The bond syndicate expects to secure the entire $100,000,000 four per cent. bonds which are to sold on February 5th. —— Mrs. Pattie D. B. Arrington, who was convicted at Raleigh of libelling ex-Judge Spier Whitaker, will be sentenced Saturday. —— Fitzsimmons has gone into training for his match with Maher. —— President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic, has made a claim of 500,000 pounds for the damage inflicted by Dr. Jameson's raid. —— Abrogation of British control over the Transvaal Republic is said to be one of the conditions of the settlement of the difficulty. —— Many villages in Persia were destroyed by an earthquake and 1,100 person killed. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 3@7 per cent.; last loan at 6 and closing offered at 6. cotton easy—middling gulf 8½c; middling 7½c; Southern flour dull and unchanged—common to extra fair $2.10@3.80; good to choice $3 90@3 00; wheat—spot dull and firmer; No 2 red in store and at elevator 69c; afloat 70½ cents; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 at elevator 35½c; afloat 36½c; spirits turpentine firmer at 31@31½c; rosin dull and easy; strained common to good $1.60@1 63½.

A contemporary says that John Sherman wants to switch his party off on the tariff. John ought to be switched himself for trying it.

The California wine makers have pooled their issues and refuse to sell sweet wines for less than 30 cents a gallon. Last year they sold for 15.

Australian workmen are complaining about too much Chinese, Japanese and Indian cheap labor, and want some legislation to protect them against it.

If Queen Victoria writes a letter to the German Kaiser rebuking him for taking sides with the Boers she may find out how much the young man really thinks of his grandma.

It is said that cigarette smoking is spreading among the women. Women ought to have more sense than boys, but if this be true there must be a good many of them who haven't.

Policeman Duff of Chicago stands 6 feet 7½ in his boots, weighs 250 pounds, and carries a fist about the size of an ordinary ham. When he gets a clamp on a fellow somebody comes and it isn't Duff.

So far there are only four avowed candidates for the seat in the United States Senate which Gen. Gordon will vacate. But Georgia is a pretty large State and all the precincts haven't been heard from yet.

J. W. MURCHISON.
Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
dec 30 tf

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 813. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,952

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Canada has a Cabinet crisis, and this about the time, too, when the loyal Canadian is putting on his war paint to give Uncle Samuel a warm reception in the event of a scrap with England. This Cabinet crisis develops the fact that there is a good deal of friction among the Canadians themselves, on the school and some other questions.

An English magistrate has recently decided that throwing rice at a newly married couple is an assault. Rice should never be thrown at newly married people. If you must throw anything, throw a brick. You stand a much better chance of making a hit and an impression.

A German professor has discovered a way of photographing unseen things. He can photograph the hand, showing the bones but not the flesh; blocks of stone, &c., enclosed in boxes without showing the box, &c. It is said that the process is very simple.

A pretty young woman was attacked by a fit of sneezing in the New York Post Office the other day and sneezed so hard that she sneezed her teeth out. They were her store teeth, the others having been out some time.

As the Boers got away with Jameson and his men perhaps the new poet laureate might try his hand on them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILMINGTON Savings Bank.
W., C & A. R. R. Co.—Dividend.
J. KIRKLAND HILL—Printer wanted.
MEETING—Lot-owners Oakdale Cem'y
D. O'CONNOR—House and shop for rent
DOZIER & LEE—Dissolu'n partnership

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. A. H. Slocomb, of Fayetteville, is in the city on business.

— Mr. F. M. Sawyer has a position as night clerk at The Purcell.

— Mr. W. B. Stevens left yesterday for Atlanta, to accept a position there.

— Mr. W. A. Sanders, of Beaufort, was registered at The Purcell yesterday.

— Miss Maggie McRacken, of Southport, is in the city, stopping at The Purcell.

— Mr. H. B. Carter, of Odum, Ga., was registered at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. Tom Settle, of Reidsville, N. C., a prominent Republican politician, is in the city on a business visit.

— Messrs. Z. T. McLaurin, McColl; K. C. Barrett, Florence; C. L. Stevens, Southport, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Chas. A. McArthur, who has been connected with The Purcell for some time past, has accepted a position with Messrs. A. David & Co.

— Mrs. Frank D. Alexander, who has been spending the holidays here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Brown, has returned to her home in Charlotte.

Warrant Issued.

Late last night a warrant was issued for a young man who is accused of sending in a false alarm of fire, and Mayor Harriss feels confident from the testimony of seven witnesses who saw two men go to box No. 35, corner of Ninth and Chesnut streets yesterday afternoon and turn in an alarm, that he has at last discovered one of the persons who have put the city to a considerable expense and much trouble. The evidence appears to be conclusive. It cannot of course be stated when the case will be tried, but after all the facts are gathered, announcement of the time of trial will be made.

Opera House To-morrow Night.

"Fabio Romani," to be produced at the Opera House to-morrow night by Walter Lawrence and Miss Therese Milford, is one of the greatest pieces of spectacular work ever presented before an American audience. An excellent company supports Mr. Lawrence and Miss Milford and make one of the strongest casts of the day. "Fabio Romani" is unexcelled in dramatic power and unequalled in artistic strength.

The box sheet for this superb production will open this morning at Yates' bookstore. Prices as usual.

Southport Items.

From the *Leader* of Thursday, Jan. 9th: The work of taking up the piles at the U. S. quarantine station was begun on Tuesday, but owing to the breaking of chains and loss of some blocks work had to be suspended. There are thirty-two piles which must be taken up and additionally copper sheathed. John J. Clark, U. S Inspector of Public Buildings, and Contractor Baldwin arrived here yesterday and will determine what must be done in regard to again beginning the work.

The railroad survey over the old line of the Southport, Brunswick & Western railroad, now being done by the Carolina, Tennessee & Ohio railroad between this place and Wilmington, is being continued this week. Mark Fergusson, civil engineer, is in charge of the work. No survey will be made from Wilmington, as expected, but the line will be run through from this end.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— There was 4.4 feet water in the river at Fayetteville, Wednesday at 8 a. m.; a fall of 0.2 of a foot in 24 hours.

— The British steamship *Rydal Holme* arrived yesterday to load cotton for Europe at the Champion Compress.

— We are requested to state that train No. 25 on the Seaboard Air Line, due to leave here at 7.45 p. m., will not leave until 11.00 o'clock to-night.

— Local forecast: The prospects for fair weather for the next two or three days are very good. Not much change is anticipated in the temperature.

— A feature of interest recently added to the STAR are the special market telegrams from Messrs. Crolius & Co., of New York. Mr. U. M. Robinson is their representative in Wilmington.

— The firm of Dozier & Lee has been dissolved, Mr. L. B. Dozier retiring therefrom. The business, however, will be continued at the same stand, on North Front street, by the new firm of B. F. Lee & Co.

— Should a bill for subscription to the STAR reach you, kindly give it your prompt attention. It is just as hard to publish a newspaper without money as it would be for a delinquent subscriber to live without air.

— Old newspapers may be had at the STAR office for 15 cents per hundred or $1.25 per thousand. They are suitable for wrapping paper and add much to the durability of carpets when placed under them.

— Messrs. Cronly & Morris sold at auction yesterday the hull, cargo, rigging and sails of the stranded schooner *Clytie*. Capt. Sam. W. Skinner bought the vessel and cargo and the other things were sold to various parties.

Field's Minstrels To-night.

To-night, at the Opera House, will be seen Al. G. Field's Minstrels and "Utopia."

The Al. G. Field's Minstrels are up-to-date in every sense of the word. It is the only minstrel show to day that is on a plane with the better stage productions of to-day. Everything new, bright and strictly up with the times. Among the novelties are the Patterson brothers, horizontal bar experts, the three Rorulos, the famous French grotesque comiques and the Brothers Mohring, the acrobatic meteors. Mr. Field will have as his honored guest this season Uncle Dan Emmitt, the oldest living minstrel, who is making a farewell tour of the country through which he travelled in his younger days.

The box sheet opened yesterday morning at Yates' Prices as usual.

Watch for the street parade this afternoon at 2 30 o'clock.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—211 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—116 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 71 bbls rosin, 88 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—13 bales cotton, 65 bbls spirits turpentine, 233 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—35 bales cotton, 31 casks spirits turpentine, 888 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—3 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 41 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar.

Flats—2 casks spirits turpentine, 18 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 378 bales; spirits turpentine, 116 casks; rosin, 751 bbls; tar, 153 bbls.

Anniversary Celebration.

The pastor, trustees and official board of the Central Baptist Church extend to the public a cordial invitation to their tenth pastoral anniversary celebration, which takes place on next Sabbath, January 12th, at the following hours: 10.30 a. m., 8 p. m. and 7.30 p. m. Very interesting exercises, consisting of music, essays, addresses, preaching and the annual reports for the year 1895. They are thankful to state that they have a favorable and flattering report for the year.

President Chas. F. Meserve, A. M., and different ministers will participate. All pastors are especially invited, and everybody welcome.

Rechabites.

At the last meeting of Unity Tent No. 6, Independent Order of Rechabites, the following officers were installed for the ensuing term by Deputy High Chief Ruler Wm. L. Jacobs:

Shep.—J. C. Newton.
P. C. R.—M. E. Keathley.
C. R.—J. D. McCottonck.
D. R.—J. C. Cullihan.
R. S.—J. W. Hodges.
F. S.—E. T. Skipper.
Treas.—Ira Skipper.
Levite—J. M. Newton.
I. G.—J. M. Ormsby.
O. G.—Jno. B. Bryant.

Funeral of the Late Wm. Wescott.

The funeral of the late Wm. Wescott took place yesterday at 11 a. m. from the Chapel of the Good Shepherd. The interment was in Bellevue Cemetery and the pall-bearers were Miles Costin, W. J. Cornwall, Gaston Evans, B. F. King, John W. Hewett, William Simpson.

Deceased was a brother of John L. Wescott, Jr., (pilot) of Lockwoods Folly, Brunswick county, not John L. Wescot, of Southport.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

CRIMINAL COURT.

The Abduction Case Tried—Jury Find a Verdict for the Plaintiff.

The Criminal Circuit Court yesterday was engaged with the hearing of the case of the State vs. Alice Hardison (white) charged with abduction.

Shortly after the convening of Court, the case was called. C. P. Lockey, Esq., appeared with Solicitor Richardson for the State and Attorneys Herbert McClammy and E. K. Bryan for the defendant, Alice Hardison.

The bill of indictment charged Mrs. Hardison with having given her child, known as David James Jenkins, to one W. J. King and wife, Annie E. King; had wilfully abandoned the child, and on or about the 27th day of October last the said Mrs. Hardison had taken possession of the child, on his way to Sunday school, without the permission of Mr. and Mrs. King, and without legal authority.

The first witness called for the State was Mr. W. J. King, who testified as follows:

"Mr. Hardison (then Mrs. Jenkins) gave myself and wife about four years ago her youngest child, a boy, then under two years of age. She brought the child to my house about November, 1891, and set him down in the middle of the floor, saying, 'I am no more his mother; and I want nothing to do with him.' We kept possession of the child up to October 27th last, when we dressed Jimmie and sent him to Sunday school. About twenty minutes after he had gone, upon certain information, my wife and myself went around to Mrs. Hardison's and found Jimmie in her possession. We demanded his immediate return to us, which she refused. He was in her possession about ten or twelve days, when I finally got possession of him in Onslow county. My wife and myself have been the child's only support, with the exception of the days that she had him in her possession, from November, 1891, up to the present time. When we took the child he was sickly and we nursed him back to health."

The next witness called was Mrs. Annie E. King, wife of Mr. W. J. King. Mrs. King corroborated Mr. King's statement and with the additional testimony that she had advised Mrs. Hardison not to give up her child. She also stated that when Mrs. Hardison was about to get married a second time, that she offered the child back to her but she refused to take him. A few days before the alleged abduction, Mrs. Hardison sent for her and asked her to give her Jimmie, and she told her that she had waited too long; she could not think of parting with him now. Two other witnesses, Lilly Gorman and Jas. Marine testified that they saw Mrs. Hardison take possession of David Jas Jenkins, now known as Jimmie King, on the 27th day of October last while the child was on his way to Sunday school.

The State then rested its case.

The defence introduced the defendant, Alice Hardison.

Mrs. Hardison said: "I married a Mr. Jenkins in 1888. My husband died about six years ago, leaving me destitute and with three children; one five years old, one three and one a babe in arms. I was then working, making shirts at thirty cents a dozen, and in a short time the sewing gave out. I went to Mrs. King and told her that sewing had given out and that I was in a penniless condition, and asked her to take my youngest child and care for him until I was able to support him. I told her that I had gotten a position in the cotton factory and was unable to look after the child and had no one to look after him while I was at work. She took him and told me I could take him back whenever I wanted to. I have since asked her for him and she has refused to give him up. I never gave him up with the intention of abandoning or deserting him.

Other witnesses testified that Mrs. Hardison said that she had given the child to Mrs. King until she was able to support him, and that the character of Mrs. Hardison was good. On the other hand, the State put witnesses on the stand who testified that Mrs. Hardison had said that she had given the child to Mrs. King for good, and that the character of Mrs. Hardison was not good.

After argument by counsel Judge Meares charged the jury very plainly on the law and told them their verdict depended upon—"Did she surrender the child temporarily, or not? If she gave up possession of the child for good, then she had no more to do with him than you. If you come to the conclusion that she gave him up for good, then she forfeited her right as a mother. But, on the other hand, if she did not give him up for good, she had a right to seize him."

The case went to the jury about 6.50 p. m., and about 7.15 p. m., the jury returned a verdict of guilty and begged the mercy of the Court.

LETTER FROM GEN. MILES

He Is Much Interested in Our Coast Defences.

In response to a letter recently written to General Nelson A. Miles by the editor of the STAR, the following was received yesterday. Considered in connection with the proceedings of the Chamber of Commerce at their meeting yesterday, it will be read with interest:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 7, 1896.

Mr. William H. Bernard, "The Morning Star," Wilmington, N. C.:

MY DEAR SIR—Your very kind letter of December 27th was duly received. I regret that it is impossible for me to visit Wilmington at this time. I remember that place with much interest, as I spent some time there soon after my transfer from the volunteer army to the regular service, and shall always feel a deep interest in that vicinity. I sincerely hope that the efforts now being made to secure the appropriation by Congress of the necessary funds for the protection of our principal ports will meet with success.

Yours, very truly,
NELSON A. MILES,
Major General, U. S. A.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Proceedings of the Meeting Held Yesterday—Reports of Committees—New Members—Standing Committees Announced.

The Chamber of Commerce met yesterday at 12.15 p. m. in the director's room of the National Bank of Wilmington. Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., president, was in the chair and Col. John L. Cantwell secretary.

The special committee on Coast Defences, through its chairman, Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, reported progress.

The matter was discussed at some length. It was argued that this port is included in the general plan for coast defences, and until the policy of the authorities is developed, action by the Chamber would be premature. It was also argued that it would be proper for the Chamber to address a communication to the Government authorities, and on motion of Mr. P. B. Manning the special committee was requested to take such action in the matter as may seem best.

The report of the committee appointed to consider the matter of the Standard Oil Co.'s tank steamers was received and ordered filed. The report is as follows:

Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., Esq., President Chamber of Commerce, Wilmington, N. C.:

DEAR SIR—Your special committee appointed at the last meeting of the Chamber to look into the subject of oil tank steamers coming to this port, beg leave to submit their report thereon.

Upon investigation we found that the Standard Oil Company was considering the practicability of making this port the distributing point for its products for several Southern seaboard States, but that the insufficient depth of water at available wharves threatened to defeat the project. Your committee deemed it a matter of such importance that steps were at once taken to ascertain what could be done to remove the obstacle to the consummation of so great an enterprise. A little enquiry developed the fact that the harbor lines at this port have never been legally established and in consequence wharves were built very irregularly, with the result that those projecting farthest out obtained more water than those projecting less far.

Upon consultation with the Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage and Colonel D. P. Heap U. S. Engineer in charge of our river and harbor improvements, we were informed that were the harbor lines established and wharves built to conform thereto, a sufficient depth of water would be attained to accommodate oil tank as well as any other class of large steamers. Your committee promptly requested the proper municipal and harbor authorities to apply to the War Department to have these lines established. The request was readily complied with, and the application was referred by the department to Col. Heap for his approval, which being at once given, the lines were forthwith made, and all that is now wanting to legally establish them is the signature of the Secretary of War to the chart.

The result of your committee's work is to make this port the distributing point for the products of the Standard Oil Company, and the object for which this committee was appointed has therefore been accomplished.

The Chamber of Commerce should congratulate itself on being instrumental in making possible the establishment of an enterprise that not only brings direct benefit in incidental labor, etc., but that advertises our splendid port advantages and harbor facilities in so conspicuous a manner.

In closing the report your committee wish to bear testimony to the generous interest manifested and the valuable services rendered by Col. Heap.

All correspondence pertaining to the conduct of this matter is hereto attached.

Resp'y submitted,
WALKER TAYLOR,
Ch'm Com.

Upon application Drs. T. S. Burbank, G. G. Thomas and A. H. Harriss, Mr. Junius Davis and Mr. J. W. Craig, were elected members of the Chamber.

The President announced the appointment of the following committees:

Arbitration—B. F. Hall, W. L. DeRosset, W. H. Chadbourn.

Finance and Grievances—Geo. R. French, Jno. W. Atkinson.

Banks and Currency—Jno. S. Armstrong, H. C. McQueen, Frank Stedman.

Industries and Business Enterprises—Walker Taylor, W. E. Worth, Marcus Jacobi.

Transportation and Insurance—Chas. E. Borden, Chas. Worth, E. S. Tennent.

Schools, Education and Art—H. Walters, D. G. Worth, M. C. S. Noble.

Agriculture and Immigration—H. K. Nash, Jas. F. Post, Jr., T. D. Meares.

Harbor, Shipping and Commerce—H. G. Smallbones, W. N. Harriss, J. T. Riley.

Towage and Pilotage—Capt. S. W. Skinner, Sam'l Northrop.

Legislation—Geo. Rountree, E. S. Martin, P. B. Manning.

Health and Sanitarion—Drs. Geo. G. Thomas, T. S. Burbank, A. H. Harriss.

Postal Telegraph and Express Service—D. McRae, Isaac Bear, B. F. King.

Streets, Parks and Public Roads—Chas. C. Chadbourn, Jno. H. Hanby, J. W. Jackson.

Reception and Exposition—Wm. Calder, James Sprunt, W. R. Kenan.

Information and Statistics—A. J. Howell, Jr., W. R. Barksdale, DeWitt C. Love.

Advertising—J. E. Montague, Roger Moore, D. McEachern.

Membership—J. H. Boatwright, Geo. L. Morton, A. W. Rivenbark.

The Executive Committee (elected)—Geo. Harriss, Jas. F. Post, Jr., Jas. H. Chadbourn, Thos. Evans, F. W. Kerchner.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR: One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE LETTER CARRIERS.

A Plea For Them—Provide Letter Boxes or Answer Their Calls Promptly.

[Washington Post.]

The Rev. H. H. Waters, pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in New Orleans, has written to the *Picayune*, of that city, offering a very sensible, and sympathetic, and timely suggestion as to the hardships to which letter carriers are subjected and the means by which those hardships could and should be ameliorated. He says:

"It is simply outrageous that men should be forced to wait at perhaps 200 houses in a day, often for a whole minute and sometimes longer, till some one appears to receive the mail, all because of selfishness and carelessness of those who will not take the trouble or spend the trifling sum necessary to provide letter boxes at their gates. I have felt so much about this particular phase of 'man's inhumanity to man' that I had to unburden myself once in a sermon—I hope with some good result as regards members of my own congregation.

"There comes a time when even forbearance ceases to be a virtue, and I do think the letter carriers owe it, as an act of justice to themselves, absolutely to refuse to do anything outside of what strict duty enjoins for any householder who will not provide a letter box for their convenience."

What Mr. Waters says regarding New Orleans applies with equal force to Washington. The neglect may not be so general here; but there is too much of it, and it should be remedied. These men who deliver our letters, &c., three or four times a day, are among the most faithful and laborious workers in the whole scheme of human activity. Their duties are most exacting and their responsibilities very great. In rain, in storm, in sunshine, or in sleet, hot or cold, they go their weary rounds without cessation and under the very strictest surveillance and accountability. They are entitled to the utmost consideration at the hands of the public. To neglect any possible means of easing their burdens and lessening their toil is to wander in the direction of actual cruelty.

COTTON FUTURES.

Fairly Active But Closed Seven Points Lower.

[Special Star Telegram.]

NEW YORK, January 9.—The cotton market has shown a fair degree of activity. Liverpool responded to our rise of yesterday, but turned easier on our failing to respond to a further advance. The elimination of the bulk of the short interest has resulted in a weaker local tone. The German element succeeded in depressing prices throughout the day as they are believers in the "war rumors." The receipts are unquestionably light, being 18,459 bales against 27,448 bales last year. It looks as if the market was helpless and needed nourishment. There is also an absence of outside speculation. The end of the day shows a net decline of seven points in comparison with last night's figures, March 7.97. Of course, buoyancy and rapid strides upward induce Southerners to buy, and on all demoralizing features they sell. We believe in buying cotton on the present depression.

CROLIUS & CO.

APPOINTMENTS

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.

Wilmington, Grace church, January 12, 13.

Wilmington, Bladen street, night—January 13.

Southport station—January 16, 17.

Onslow circuit, Stella—January 25, 26.

Brunswick circuit, Bethel—February 1, 2.

Columbus circuit, Evergreen—February 8th.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Wheatland—February 9th and 10th.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh—February 10th.

Elizabeth circuit, Singleton—February 15th and 16th.

Carver's Creek, Wayman—February 22nd and 23rd.

Kenansville circuit and Onslow Mission, Worley Chapel—February 29th and March 1st.

Bladen circuit, Bethlehem—March 7th and 8th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Annual Meeting.

THE FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING of the lotowners of Oakdale Cemetery will be held at the Company's office, 114 Princess street, on Monday evening, January 13th, at 8 o'clock.

RICHARD J. JONES,
jan 10 2t fr su Sec'y and Treas'r.

Printer Wanted.

A SOBER AND RELIABLE PRINTER IS wanted as foreman and compositor on a country paper. One who is a fair Job Printer preferred.

J. KIRKLAND HILL,
jan 10 3t Marion, N. C.

For Rent,



HOUSE AND SHOP ON NORTHeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Houses and fencing in thorough repair.

D O'CONNOR,
jan 10 3t Real Estate Agent.

Navassa Stock at Auction.

ON FRIDAY NEXT, 10TH INST., AT 12 o'clock M., we will sell at our office, 120 Price street, 40 Shares Capital Stock Navassa Guano Co., in lots to suit.

CRONLY & MORRIS,
jan 8 3t we fr Auctioneers.

Office of Secretary Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Co.



WILMINGTON, N. C., January 10th, 1896

THE TREASURER of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Co. has been instructed to pay to all holders of record of this date, three per cent. dividend on the Capital Stock of that Company, dividend due and payable at the Office of the Treasurer at Wilmington, N. C., on January 10th, 1896.

JAMES F. POST, Jr.,
jan 10 1t Secretary W., C. & A. R. R. Co.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of Dozier & Lee has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, by L. B. Dozier retiring from the said firm, and B. F. Lee succeeding thereto. The business will be conducted at the same stand by, and under the firm name of B. F. Lee & Co.

All debts due by the old firm have been assumed by B. F. Lee & Co. All bills and accounts due to the old firm are now due and payable to the firm of B. F. Lee & Co.

This 9th day of January, 1896.

B. F. LEE,
L. B. DOZIER.

Having sold out my interest in the firm of Dozier & Lee and having retired therefrom, I request the public to bestow upon the new firm of B. F. Lee & Co. the same liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the old firm.

Respectfully,
L. B. DOZIER.
January 9th, 1896. jan 10 3t

WE WILL DISPOSE

of the balance of our

TOYS,

—AND—

HOLIDAY NOVELTIES

—AT—

Less Than Cost,

IN PREFERENCE TO PACKING THEM AWAY.

Our Loss is Your Gain!

Churches

going to have

Christmas Trees

will do well to give us a call.

ALSO OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Millinery

Fancy Goods,

DryGoods

Notions.

CLOAKS,

—AND—

Capes, Underwear and Corsets

must be sold at Cost before stock taking.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market St.,

dec 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WAR WITH ENGLAND

May interest you as a topic of conversation until Mr. Olney and Lord Salisbury get together. But to derive lasting benefit you ought to discuss and investigate the matter of opening a

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT.

We will pay you 4 per cent. interest on your money.

Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

J. W. NORWOOD, H. WALTERS, G. SLOAN,
President. Vice President, Cashier.
jan 10 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of foreclosure at September Term, 1895, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in an action therein pending, where in John L. Wescott is plaintiff, and W. B. McKoy and R. H. McKoy are defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1896, at 12 o'clock m., the following two parcels of land in the said city of Wilmington: 1st Tract—Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street, between Front and Second streets, bounded westwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jean DuBois, eastwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jacob Trout, northwardly by Toomer's Alley, and southwardly by said Market street, measuring 20 feet front on Market street, and running back 135 feet to Toomer's Alley, and particularly described in a deed from Nathaniel Hill to James Owen, recorded in Book "X," page 370 of the records of New Hanover county.

2nd Tract—Beginning at the northwest intersection of Market and Front streets, running thence northwardly, with the line of Front street, 40 feet, to Augustus Lesman's line, thence westwardly 15 feet, to the line of William A. Wright and Thomas H. Wright, thence southwardly 40 feet to Market street, and thence eastwardly to the beginning.

E. K. BRYAN,
dec 18 30t Commissioner.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of foreclosure at April Term, A. D., 1895, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in an action therein pending, wherein John L. Wescott is plaintiff, and W. B. McKoy, Katherine B. McKoy, and John D. Bellamy, Jr., Trustee, are defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said decree, will sell at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1896, at 12 o'clock m., the following parcel of land in the said city of Wilmington: Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street between Front and Second streets, bounded westwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jean DuBois, eastwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jacob Trout, southwardly by Toomer's Alley, and southwardly by said Market street, measuring 20 feet front on Market street, and running back 135 feet to Toomer's Alley, and particularly described in a deed from Nathaniel Hill to James Owen, recorded in Book "X," page 370 of the Records of New Hanover county.

E. K. BRYAN,
dec 18 30t Commissioner.

OPERA HOUSE,

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 11,

Walter Lawrence

In Alden Benedict's Spectacular Melodrama,

"Fabio Romani," or The Vendetta.

This great scenic production will be produced here with same scenery and cast that scored such a hit in New York City. jan 9 1t

OPERA HOUSE.

Just One Night of Merriment,

Friday, January 10th.

A. T. Field's Minstrels and Utopia.

Over a half hundred merry Minstrels, embracing the best European and American art in the street parade at noon.

Two car loads of scenery and mechanical effects. jan 8 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KATZ & POLVOGT.

Don't You Tire of the Word

"Bargains" at Times?

Storekeepers seem to love it. Everything is a "Bargain" until you look at the purchase at home. We are trying to get along without using this universal word. We don't say anything about the following specials. You can read—then come and judge for yourself.

Dress Goods.

One lot 50 pieces Dress Goods worth 35c to 40c, will be sacrificed at

25c Per Yard.

One lot 60 pieces, consisting of nearly all our 50c goods will be sold at

37 1-2 Cents.

One lot 40c pieces, new styles, worth 59c to 79c, must be sold out at

50c. Per Yard.

Jackets and Capes.

The balance of our Stock of Ladies' and Misses'

Wraps

Will be sold at reduced prices. We have a well selected stock of

Astracan Jackets and Capes.

Also a full line of

Plush and Valour Capes.

Prices guaranteed the Lowest.

Carpets and Mattings.

We have just received fifty Rolls of Matting from 10 to 40c per yard. We guarantee our prices the lowest, styles the newest. Look at our

NEW CARPETS

before purchasing.

Have just received a new line of

Velvets, Three-Ply,

Albany, Napier and Coco Matting, Striped and Plain.

Window Shades

Made to order, the most complete Stock in the State.

Largest assortment of all kinds of

Rugs in the City.

Katz & Polvogt,

No 9 North Front St.,

jan 7 tf

Hall & Pearsall,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

Offer to the trade the advantages of

HEAVY STOCKS
LOW PRICES,
SUPERIOR FACILITIES.

Call on them or write for prices and samples. D&W jan 7 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 10, 1896

WENT UNDER THE HAMMER.

We published a few days ago an extract from the Chicago *Railway Age*, showing the railway construction for 1895, which was smaller than that of any other year since 1887, when the new milage reached the maximum. These figures are a pretty good indication that railroad building is not now done on the boom plan and that there is less disposition to take chances on profits than in former years, which added to the scarcity of money will sufficiently account for the decreasing new mileage for several years past.

In its summary of the receiverships and foreclosures for the year it presents some interesting figures, which as we see it presents very striking object lesson. The following table shows the number of roads with mileage, and stocks and bonds which went into the hands of receivers since 1884:

Year	Number of roads.	Mileage.	Stocks and bonds.
1884	37	11 038	$714,755 000
1885	44	8 386	385 460 000
1886	13	1,799	70,846 000
1887	9	1,016	90 318,000
1888	22	3,270	186 814,000
1889	22	3 803	99,664,000
1890	26	2,963	105,007 000
1891	29	2 159	84 479 000
1892	36	10 508	357,694,000
1893	74	29 340	1,781 046,000
1894	38	7,025	395 791 000
1895	31	8,089	369 075 000

In scanning this table it will be seen that the number of roads, amount of mileage and stock and bonds which went into the hands of receivers in 1895 is smaller than any year since 1895, 1893 being a phenomenally disastrous year. This indicates a decided improvement over the few preceding years and shows that the railroads are gradually getting out of the straits into which they were forced by the financial crash of 1893, but still the fact that roads representing nearly $370,000,000 worth of securities passed into the hands of receivers shows that they are not all out of the woods yet. The above table refers to the roads that went into the hands of receivers. The following shows the number of roads, mileage, with stocks and bonds represented, which have changed hands under foreclosure within the past twenty years:

Year.	Number of roads.	Mileage.	Stocks and bonds.
1876	30	3,840	$217,848 000
1877	54	3 875	198 984,000
1878	48	3 906	311 631,000
1879	65	4 909	243,288 000
1880	31	3,775	263,882 000
1881	29	2,617	137,923,000
1882	16	867	65 426 000
1883	18	1,354	47,100 000
1884	15	710	23 504,000
1885	22	3,156	278,494,000
1886	45	7,687	374 109,000
1887	31	5,478	328,181,000
1888	19	1,596	64 555,000
1889	25	2 930	137,815 000
1890	29	3 825	182,495,000
1891	21	3 223	168 069 000
1892	28	1,922	95 898 000
1893	25	1,618	79 924,000
1894	42	5 643	318,999,000
1895	52	12 831	761,791,000

This list makes an extraordinary showing for last year, the amount of stocks and bonds represented in the foreclosures being more than twice as large as in any of the preceding nineteen years, and the mileage more than double that of any year except 1886. This is partially accounted for by the fact that two very extensive systems were included, embracing 53 per cent. of the mileage and 77 per cent. of the securities.

Summing this up it shows that in the past twenty years 645 roads, with a mileage of 75,757 miles and nearly $4,290,000,000 of capitalization, or 42 per cent. of the present mileage and 40 per cent. of the present railway capitalization of this country, have passed under the hammer and changed hands. The railways of the country are estimated to be worth in round figures $10,000,000,000, so that according to this showing nearly one half of this sum has been lost in the past twenty years by the people who built roads which afterwards were sold to satisfy the claims against them by bondholders and others, which does not present a very encouraging picture to those who are asked to embark in the building of of new roads.

Of course there are several reasons for this extraordinary failure of railroads to hold their own and meet the expectations of their builders. The disposition of the large corporations to swallow the smaller has had something to do with it; too close competition by rival lines aiming to monopolize the carrying trade of the sections through which they run may have had something to do with it; incompetent or extravagant management in some cases may have figured; building too many roads in sections which were not able to support so many doubtless affected some; but the great, looming trouble with nearly all was that they were carrying more bonded indebtedness than they were able to carry, and with these it was only a question of time when they went into the hands of the sheriff. Unfortunately much, the bulk of these bonds were held by money lending companies at home and abroad, who had no interest whatever in the prosperity or development of the country which these roads penetrated, and no interest in the prosperity of the roads save to see them prosper enough to pay the interest on the bonds as it became due and the principal when the bonds matured. With them it was simply a cold blooded, business transaction which they went into to get their money with interest back or to get the roads, if they failed to get these. The lists published above show to what extent they have succeeded in getting possession of the roads.

Allowing for all the incidental causes there is one big, looming cause for this wholesale railway wreckage in this country in the past twenty years, which began soon after the bungling if not criminal demonetization of silver. Before that the railroad which sold bonds could pay both the interest and principal of the bonds in silver or any other legal tender money. Since then both the interest and principal have been practically payable in gold, for the bond buyers can stipulate that in the contract, as most of them doubtless do. The roads do business on the currency basis of the country and take their pay in any kind of legal tender money, or current notes presented, but when they come to pay the interest which annually accrues or to meet their matured bonds they have to do it on a gold basis, and it takes nearly two dollars of the money they earn to buy one dollar of gold to meet the demands of their bond creditors, who will take nothing else. Is it a wonder, then, that so many of the roads of the country have been working for years to earn money enough to meet their bonded indebtedness, and that so many have failed to do it and have gone by the board in the attempt? Put us back where we were financially up to 1873 and the indebtedness of our railways would be practically reduced one half, because every dollar earned would pay a dollar of debt while now it requires the earning of two to do it. Doesn't the condition of our roads present a striking object lesson showing why we should abandon the suicidal monometallic standard and go back to the bimetallic standard, under which our roads could run and prosper?

MINOR MENTION.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations has now under consideration a resolution introduced early in the session for the recognition of belligerency in Cuba. It is said that the committee is pretty well agreed on it and disposed to report it favorably, if they can see their way clear to do it without straining the laws which govern nations in such cases. We believe that some of the preliminaries to warrant such recognition are that the insurgents shall demonstrate the ability to carry on actual war and to cope with the enemy by capturing some place of importance and establishing a de facto government of their own, both of which the Cuban strikes for freedom have done, for they have not only carried on a defensive warfare successfully, but have waged an offensive warfare against the Spanish armies, and have been growing stronger every day since General Gomez landed and organized his little army of 300 men nine months ago. Since then they have advanced their lines nearly the whole length of the Island until they now stand threatening almost within sight of Havana, which is in a state of semi-panic. Gomez may not have force enough to capture Havana, which has within it a large number of Spanish troops, presumably well equipped for defence, but if the progress of Gomez, the ground he has gained, and the victories won do not entitle him and his supporters to recognition as belligrents, we do not see what will.

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Whether it is the result of the strained relations with Germany growing out of the complications in South Africa, and the feeling in England that she is in a very isolated position among nations, some of the leading journals of that country, which in this doubtless voice the sentiments of the people, are not only showing more disposition to arbitrate the Venezuela boundary dispute, but are very anxious for it and are strongly advocating it, on a plan which they say was suggested by Associate Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court, but which we think originated with Carl Schurtz. This is to submit the question at issue to a tribunal composed of an equal number of Judges of the English High Court of Justice and of the Supreme Court of the United States, both countries, of course, being bound to abide by the findings of this tribunal. It is somewhat remarkable that, although every dispute between Great Britain and this country within the past thirty years has been settled by arbitration, Lord Salisbury should have kicked so viciously against the suggestion of arbitration in the Venezuela case, and it is still more remarkable that the British public gave him the endorsement it did. But with the firm attitude of this country, the complications abroad, and the late developments in Africa, they have learned something and so, perhaps, has Lord Salisbury.

In his speech in the Senate Senator Sherman presented tables showing that the imports from abroad in the first year of the Wilson tariff amounted to $107,342,532, against $51,414,844 during the last year of the McKinley tariff. If so much more stuff was imported wasn't it because the people saved money by importing it and were they not benefitted to that extent by the new tariff? At the same time didn't our manufacturers prosper? Then who suffers and what's the matter with the new tariff?

BOOK NOTICES.

The Bohemian for January presents a very interesting list of contents, embracing poetry and prose, with an assortment that the general leader will enjoy. Published by The Bohemian Company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Ladies' Home Journal starts out for 1896 with an exceedingly attractive number for January, the numerous engravings in which are splendid, while the reading matter presented is of a fine order, and varied with discriminating judgment. This, in addition to the matter on dress, household, &c., makes it a valuable publication for the ladies. Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

The ladies will be delighted with the February numbers of *La Mode de Paris* and *The Paris Album of Fashion*, both of which are superb publications, each containing nine colored figures, in addition to the plain figures showing the styles of dress for the season. With these are the usual quantity of design, &c., with instructions and hints which the ladies find so valuable. Published by A. McDowell & Co., No. 4 West Fourteenth street, New York.

The North American Review for January presents a list of good solid articles, which the thoughtful reader will appreciate. The leading paper is on "The Future Life and Condition of Man Therein," by Hon. W. E. Gladstone. Another interest paper is "What is Malaria?" by Dr. Cyrus Edson. In addition to these there are many others that the reader will find not only entertaining but instructive. Address, North American Review, No. 3 East Fourteenth street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— After the Cubans have whipped the fight, and Spain has acknowledged the independence of the island, the victorious Cubans will no doubt appreciate the action of the United States in recognizing their belligerent rights—that is, provided we succeed in recognizing them by that time.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— A considerable number of adventurous young fellows from this country are now with the Cuban rebels and are doubtless rendering valuable aid. When a young chap travels several hundred miles to get into the fighting business the chances are that he will give a good account of himself.—*Knoxville Tribune, Dem.*

—— The denunciations directed against the Emperor of Germany by the English press for his interference in the affairs of the South African Republic do not seem to have alarmed the Emperor. The South African Republic is under the protection of Great Britain, and all its relations with foreign powers can be carried on solely through the British Government, But in spite of this the Emperor William received Dr. Leyds, the Secretary of State for the Transvaal, yesterday.—*N. Y. World, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Theory—"The worst possible tyrant is a liberated slave."

"Er—yes. I guess that's the reason so many devoted lovers make such horrid husbands."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Where's your son Willie, Mrs. McGuinness?"

"Sure, he's put on the uniform and gone to the front."

"Gone to the war, is it?"

"War! No; he's a bellboy in a hotel."—*Yonker's Statesman.*

— "Agents Wanted."—Ferry—How did it happen that you never took that job of soliciting—the one where you could make $10 a day with only two hours' work.

Hargreaves—I found out that the only ten a day I could make wou'd be for the other fellow.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— Buzby—Didn't Wiggins forget his lines at the amateur theatricals last evening?

Baxter—No; he only got them mixed up a little. Instead of saying, 'I hear the tramp of approaching footsteps," he said, "I hear the footsteps of approaching tramps."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Brown—This hypnotism is a confounded humbug. I've looked into it thoroughly and there's nothing in it.

Mrs. Brown—How did you get interested in it?

Brown—I thought it might come in handy to put baby to sleep.—*Truth*

— "Have a paper?" bawled a newsboy to an old gentleman from the country on an Austin avenue.

"No hurry, sonny. Perhaps after you have read it I'll glance over it," and as he passed down the street he murmured: "Nice folks, these Austin people; so polite to a stranger."—*Texas Siftings.*

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: News came to us late yesterday afternoon of the death of Mrs. T. P. Joyce, who died very suddenly. She was apparently in good health when the summons came.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: We are soon to have a smoking tobacco factory. The machinery has already arrived. —— An old colored man named John Garner was run over by the shifting engine of the Atlantic Coast Line, at the ice factory crossing, Tuesday evening, and almost instantly killed. The engine was backing when he attempted to cross.

— Greensboro *Record*: Rev. C. F. Harris, D. D., of Summerfield, died Monday and was buried yesterday afternoon at Flat Rock. His age was about 80. For 50 years he has been a faithful minister of the gospel and is well known throughout this part of the State. He belonged to the Methodist Protestant Church and was president of that body for many years. Several years ago he lost his eyesight, but under such trying circumstances he remained cheerful and to a great extent continued his work as a minister.

— Greensboro *Patriot*: The statement is going the rounds of the State press that Peter Cobb of this county, whose name appeared in the *Patriot* last week as the plaintiff in the stockholder's suit to set aside the lease of the North Carolina Railroad to the Southern Railway Company, is a member of the Farmers' Alliance. In conversation with Mr. Cobb a day or so ago he informed us that he had never been a member of the Alliance and does not contemplate joining the order.

— Jacksonville *Times*: Mr. Wm. Humphrey, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of the county died at his home near Richlands on Monday morning, aged about 75 years. —— The enterprising and energetic farmers of Richlands are taking the lead in Onslow county in introducing tobacco. About fifty acres will be planted which will be under the supervision of Mr. R. R Sanders, formerly of Rockingham county, who has years of experience in the business and is thoroughly familiar with every stage from the planting to the marketing of the weed. Each farmer pays a *pro rata* share of Mr. Sander's salary according to his acreage.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: The Raleigh cotton mills again gave evidence to-day of the fact that it is a well managed and successful industry. At a meeting of the board of directors it was decided to declare a semi-annual dividend of three per cent., payable February 1st. —— Deputy Collector Hill reports the destruction and seizure of an illicit distillery at Oneill's, Johnston county, on yesterday. The still was of 40 gallons capacity, and with it 750 gallons of beer was taken. There were evidences of the still being worked in the morning, for the coals were still burning when the raiders appeared. The 'shiners skipped. —— Father Worth is a hard tax master. Up at Morgan in the State hospital the superintendent and the physicians thought to escape the tax on doctors because they were State officers. This view of the matter seemed reasonable to the sheriff of Burke, who wrote about the matter. But the Treasurer penned back word, "Collect to a farthing" The asylum people here have paid without raising the question.

THE WONDERFUL GRAND CANYON.

More Impressive Than Niagara, More Beautiful Than the Alps.

There are many wonders within the limits of the Yellowstone park, but of them all there is nothing so wonderful as the Grand canyon of the Yellowstone river. One can at no season of the year view this tremendous gorge without a sense of awe at the work of the Titanic elemental forces which have hollowed it out of the enduring granite of the hills. There is an impression of unspeakable solemnity conveyed by this giant spectacle, and no American looks upon it without a sense of absolute humility and insignificance. The thought, the meaning, the expression, of the Grand canyon is something the human mind is unable at first to grasp. There is no coup d'œil possible there. There is no definite thought resultant upon any single glance at the Grand canyon, no matter how comprehensive or how perspective that may be.

The Grand canyon refuses to be compassed at a glance. It demands faithful, patient, humble study. More impressive than Niagara, more mighty than the sea, more beautiful than the Alps, it offers to the visitor an enigma capable of solution only after long and reverent acquaintance. To attempt to see the Grand canyon in an hour or a day is ridiculous. To attempt to see it as one of a crowd is a wrong to one's best self. To study it hour after hour, to drink in with unabated zest the same view time after time, day after day, to see the mountain lights and shades give a thousand different expressions to the face of nature and to learn some new feature even at the last visit to some familiar point of view—these are the things which make the visitor and observer at first curious, then wondering and then, we may almost say, worshipful. Not even the most blase world trotter has ever been heard to express disappointment with the Grand canyon of the Yellowstone, and it is singular to notice the universally respectful and subdued comment upon it by even the most casual and flippant visitor.

There have been very few persons who have seen the canyon in winter time, and it may be well believed we made the most of our rare privilege. It was risky work approaching the great walls on the skis, but we managed to get to different points commanding full view of the main portion of the canyon and of both the Great falls and the Upper falls of the Yellowstone. The Great falls were incased in vast white columns of ice on each side, and from them arose a noble pillar of dense white vapor. Never again shall we see a more remarkable sight than that thus presented to us on that clear winter morning.—Philadelphia Press.

Round as Giotto's O.

Giotto was a famous painter, sculptor and architect of the latter part of the thirteenth century. He was a son of a poor shepherd, but the attention of the great master, Cimabue, having been attracted to the boy by a drawing the lad had made on a fragment of slate, the young artist's fame spread rapidly throughout southern Europe. In those days it was customary for the popes to send for the noted men of their realm, more for the purpose of gratifying their desires to see such celebrities than anything else. Giotto was no exception to the rule. No sooner had the young Tuscan become famous than Pope Boniface VIII invited him to Florence. When young Giotto arrived at the gates of the pope's private grounds, according to the account, the guard halted him and inquired concerning his mission.

The artist made the matter plain, but the guard was not satisfied with the explanation, frequently interrupting Giotto's explanatory remarks with, "I know he must be a much larger and distinguished looking person than yourself," and: "Giotto is a famous painter. By your walk I would take you to be a shepherd." Finally, upon demanding evidence of the artist's skill, the latter stooped and traced a perfect O in the dust of the path with his finger. Any one who has ever attempted the feat of drawing a perfect circle "offhand" well knows how difficult it is.

It is needless to add that the artist was forthwith ushered into the presence of the supreme pontiff, and that since that time "Rounder than Giotto's O" has been a favorite hyperbole to indicate "impossible perfection."—St. Louis Republic.

Force of Habit.

Barlow asserted (writes Henry A. Beers in "The Ways of Yale") that he was present once at morning chapel when Tutor Cosine, whose duty it was to conduct the exercises, began prayer as follows: "O thou who dost cause the planets to evolve in their elliptical orbits—the force of attraction varying inversely as the square of the distance."

SMUGGLING IN VENEZUELA.

Little Concealment About It, but the Profits Cut Down by Competition.

Smuggling is an everyday or perhaps more probably an every night occupation along the shores and at the ports of Venezuela. It is carried on much of the time in collusion with the customs officers and is done with a degree of openness. A New Yorker recently returned from those parts crossed from one of the West India islands to the mainland in a small sailing craft and noted that the captain had several snug spots about the boat for concealing dutiable merchandise. Beneath the floor of his bunk on deck the captain had many bottles of olive oil. Elsewhere he had dried codfish, and in one corner was a barrel of flour. These things were smuggled ashore as opportunity offered. People came out to the vessel as she rode offshore and purchased contraband goods by night.

One evening a custom house officer, who visited the vessel, said he thought he'd stay all night on board. The captain expected a good business that night and found the presence of the officer embarrassing. The officer, who saw the skipper's dissatisfaction, finally said in plain words that he must search the vessel unless the captain would yield up a box of salt fish. The captain, feeling himself robbed, but without recourse, gave the fish to the officer, escaped search and had the satisfaction of seeing his guest ashore before night.

It is a common thing for small vessels to anchor thus offshore and signal at night to Venezuelan smugglers. The latter come out, and there is a lively trade until all are supplied with what they need. The vessel goes to another place the next night, repeats her signals and has another set of customers. This continues until the cargo is sold out. If any customs officer shows himself, his silence is procured by bribery. Vessels sometimes come into port and land a smuggled cargo with the full knowledge of the customs officers. In such case no official record is kept of the vessel's arrival in port, though clearance papers are granted when she sails. Even when a seizure is made and a vessel is put up at auction she goes for a trifle and is bought in by her owners. Public sentiment is on the side of the smugglers. Old coasting vessels from the United States often engage in this trade. It is perfectly safe, though less profitable than in some places because of keen competition.

The Dutch island of Curacoa, close to the coast of Venezuela, is one of the most important smuggling points in the world. Scores of Venezuelans visit the island to obtain goods, and the trade goes on the year round almost unvexed of the customs officers. The knowledge of all this is public property, and the Venezuelan government must be perfectly cognizant of the facts in the case. Doubtless a great deal of the smuggling to Venezuelan ports begins at New York by the filling of orders for customers in Venezuela. The old method of smuggling articles on order to persons of means in Cuba was to give the package in charge of the purser of an outgoing steamer after marking the goods for the captain of the port of Havana.—New York Sun.

Knowledge Is Power.

An illustration of the truth of this proverb is found in Mr. J. G. Bertram's book, "The Harvest of the Sea." It seems that a monopoly of the extensive fisheries of Scotland and England once came into the hands of a man who kept his agents at the principal stations and required them to furnish him all facts that came to their knowledge.

At one of his stations in the far north the fishing had been unsuccessful for the greater part of the season, and there was no prospect of improvement when he looked into the matter. Upon examining his agent's letters from that place for some years back he found by a comparison of dates that at a certain place herrings were likely to be found. He accordingly instructed his agent to send his boats to that spot.

The fishermen laughed at the idea of a man's sitting some hundreds of miles away and telling them where to get fish, but as his orders were positive they had to obey, and the consequence was that they returned the next morning loaded with herrings.

Disadvantage of Careful Training.

"See! Help is at hand."

The captive raised her eyes, but they were full of despair.

"See!"

She shook her head.

"I can see no one," she faltered.

It was subsequently discovered that the unhappy maiden had been carefully reared not to see anybody who wasn't in her set.—Detroit Tribune.

The Deadly Cigarette.

He (smoking)—And what is your opinion of the "deadly cigarette?"

She (looking him over)—They are not half as deadly as they ought to be.—Detroit Free Press.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use; that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES



MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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Not His Funeral.

Bluffkins wrote a very bad hand generally, but in writing hurriedly, making an appointment with a friend, he excelled even himself.

He had left the letter lying for half an hour, and on going to address the envelope he happened to glance at his epistle.

Scarcely a word could he decipher, but calmly inclosing it he said to himself:

"After all, what does it matter? It's Hawkins has to read it, not I."—Boston Budget.

Gratitude.

Gratitude is a short cut to sincere and lasting friendship. Some people complain that they have no friends. Have they never had a favor done to them? Why, every man has had a score of favors done him every day of his life! Those who bear it in mind, who say a word of hearty thanks, who watch a chance to do a favor in return, never lack friends.

An Easy Mark.

"May I awsk what you have?" requested the tenderfoot politely.

"Ace high," said Alkali Ike grimly.

"Oh, dear me. And I've only got three kings. Seems to me I neveh have any luck at pokah."

"'Taint all luck, mister. It's sperience. You'll l'arn arter awhile."—New York Recorder.

Business.

Tailor—I have called after my account, Dr. A.

Debtor—Here is the money, but I have deducted 5 shillings because you have come in my consultation hour.—London Tit Bits.

A monopoly is a good deal like a baby. A man is opposed to it on general principles until he has one of his own.—Exchange.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs If you have Loss of Appetite. Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine, you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

Article		@
BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		@ 5¼
Standard	7¼	@ 6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	13½	@ 14
Sides ℔ lb	7	@ 7¼
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@ 6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb	4½	@ 5
Shoulders ℔ lb	5½	@ 4½
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00	@ 1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@ 1 40
New City, each		@ 1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	26	@ 27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	@ 7 00
Northern	9 00	@ 14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15	
Northern	23	@
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks		@ 42½
Virginia Meal	43½	@ 45
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		@ 85
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18	@ 25
Adamantine	9	@ 10
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	10	@ 11
Dairy, Cream	11	@ 12
State	....	@ 10
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	27	@ 28
Rio	20	@ 23
	15½	@ 20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	@ 5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@ 20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@ 12½
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@ 30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@ 15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@ 18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@ 9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@ 14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25	@ 3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00	@ 6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 00	@ 3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@ 10
" Extra	3 25	@ 3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade		@ 3 00
Choice	2 75	@ 3 00
Straight	3 75	@ 3 85
First Patent		@ 4 25
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@ 10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	40	@ 45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47	@ 40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½	@ 42½
Oats, from store	32½	@ 35
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@ 45
Cow Peas	50	@ 60
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	....	@ 6
Dry	....	@ 8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	....	@ 1 00
Western		@ 90
North River		@ 85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@ 2¼
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	6½	@ 90
North Carolina	6	@ 10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@ 20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@ 22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@ 15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	..	@ 22
" " " in bbls	....	@ 23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@ 27½
" " in bbls	25	@ 30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@ 14
" " in bbls	....	@ 15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@ 25
NAILS, ℔ keg. Cut. 60d base	....	@ 2 30
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	10 00	@ 10 50
Rump	—	@ 10 00
Prime		@ 10 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@ 22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	....	@ 75
Liverpool	....	@ 65
Lisbon	....	@ ....
American	....	@ 65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@ 45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@ 7 00
Common	2 00	@ 2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@ 5 00
Cypress Hearts	....	@ 7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd	4⅞	@ 5¼
Standard A		@ 4½
White Ex. C		@ 4⅜
ExtraC, Golden	4	@ 4½
C. Yellow		@ 4⅜
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@ 4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@ 14
R. O. Hogshead	....	@ 10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	00	@ 9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@ 7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@ 4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@ 3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@ 3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon— Northern	1 00	@ 2
North Carolina	1 00	@ 2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14	@
Clear of burs	12½	@
Burry		@

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 9.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 27½ cents per gallon for country and 28 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 30 per bbl for Strained, and $1 35 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market quiet at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market dull at $1 40 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Sales at quotations.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25¾c; rosin, strained, $0 97½; good strained $1 02½; tar $0.95; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	118
Rosin	751
Tar	152
Crude Turpentine	00

Receipts same day last year—106 casks spirits turpentine, 191 bbls rosin, 107 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Firm. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅛	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅝	" "
Low Middling	7 5-16	" "
Middling	7⅞	" "
Good Middling	8 1-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5c.

Receipts—378 bales; same day last year 314.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 3@7 per cent; last loan at 6 and closing offered at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 7@9 per cent. Sterling exchange was quiet; actual business in bankers' bills 487¼@487¾ for sixty days and 488@489½ for demand. Commercial bills @487½. Government bonds easier; United States coupon fours 109; United States twos 96. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 100. North Carolina sixes 120. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 9—Evening—Cotton easy; middling gulf 8⅛c; middling 8⅛c.

Cotton futures—market closed quiet; January 7 85, February 7 91; March 7 97, April 8 03, May 8 08, June 8 12, July 8 15, August 8 16, September 7 95, October 7 80, November 7 76 Sales 161,500 bales

Cotton—net receipts —— bales; gross 845 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 2,528 bales; forwarded 1 bale; sales —— bales, sales to spinners 658 bales; stock (actual) 189,741 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 13,449 bales; exports to Great Britain 4 529 bales; to France —— bales, to the Continent 7,089 bales; stock 1,062,218 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 113 387 bales; exports to Great Britain 35,389 bales; to France 22 690 bales; to the Continent 27,255 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3 616,254 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,059,231 bales; exports to France 309 232 bales; exports to the Continent 915,191 bales.

NEW YORK, January 9—Flour was quoted dull and unchanged. Southern flour dull and unchanged; common to extra fair $2 10@2 80, good to choice $2 90@3 00. Wheat—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 69c. afloat 70½c; ungraded 65@73c; options were moderately active and irregular, closed firm at ⅛c advance; No. 2 red January 67½c; February —; March 69¼, May 67½c; June 67c; July 67c. Corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 at elevator 35⅝c; afloat 36⅝c; options were less active and closed steady at ⅛c decline; January 35⅝c; February 35⅛c, May 35½ July 36¾ c Oats—spot quiet and firmer; options dull and firm; January 24c; February 24c; May 24⅛c; spot prices—No 2 24¼@24½c; No 2 white 25½; mixed Western 24½@25⅛c. Hay firmer and demand good; spring 75@80c; good to choice 95c@$1 10. Wool firm and unchanged. Beef firm and unchanged; beef hams quiet at $15 50; tierced beef quiet; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats firm and unchanged. Lard quiet and stronger; Western steam $5 70; city $5 35@5 40, January $5 60, nominal; refined lard was dull; Continent $6 15, South America $6 40. compound $4 62½@5 00 Pork and firm; mess $10 00@10 50. Butter—fancy steady and demand fair; State dairy 12@22, do June 16@22c; others unchanged. Cotton seed oil firm and quiet; crude 24@24½; yellow prime 28¼@28½c; do off grade 27½@27½c. Rice firm and unchanged. Molasses unchanged; demand fair. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4½@4⅝c. Coffee steady and 10 to 20 points up; January $13 05; March $12 90@13 00; May $12 50@12 60 June $12 30@12 35; September $11 80; October $11 75; December $11 45@11 65; spot Rio dull but steady; No 7 $14 00. Sugar—raw dull but steady; fair refining 3⅜c; centrifugal, 96 test,3⅞. refined quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, January 9.—Cash quotations: Flour—market was firm; foreign bids were advanced 6d. Wheat—No. 2 spring 57¾@58⅛c; No. 2 red 61½@63c. Corn—No. 2 26⅝@27. Oats—No 2 18@18c. Mess pork, per bbl, $9 60@9 92½ Lard, per 100 lbs.$5 55@5 60— Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs $4 60@4 70 Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs $4 50@4 75, Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs. $4 75@4 87½. Whiskey per gallon $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing Wheat—No. 2 January 57¼, 57⅝, 57 57⅝; February 57¼, 58, 57¼, 57⅞c; May 59⅞@60¼ 60⅛@60⅝, 59⅞, 60¼@60⅝ July 60¼@60½, 60⅝, 60¼, 60⅝@60⅝ Corn—January 26⅝, 26⅞, 26¼, 27⅛c; February 27, 27@27¼, 26⅝, 26⅞; May 29½, 29¼@29⅝, 28⅞, 29⅛c; July 30¼ 30¼, 29⅞@30, 30. Oats—No. 2 January 17⅛, 17⅛, 17⅛, 17⅛; May 19⅝@19⅞ 19⅞, 19⅝, 19⅜@19⅞c. Mess pork, per bbl. January $9 66, 9 60, 9 60, 9 60; May $9 90, 9 97½, 9 80, 9 92½. Lard, per 100 lbs, January $5 55, 5 55, 5 55, 5 55; May $5 82½, 5 85, 5 77½, 5 85. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, January $4 70, 4 70, 4 70, 4 70; May $4 90, 4 97½, 4 85, 4 95

BALTIMORE, Jan. 9.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat dull; No. 2 red, spot and January 67@67½; March 67¾@68c; May 68½@68⅝c; Southern by sample 68@70c; do on grade 64½@67½c. Corn steady; mixed spot 33½@33⅝c; January 33½@33⅝c; February 33¼@33⅝c; March 33¼@33⅝c; May 34⅝c bid; Steamer mixed 31½@32c; Southern white 32½@33⅛c; do yellow 33½@34c. Oats firm and good demand; No. 2 white Western 24@24½c; No. 2 mixed do 23½@23c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

January 9.—Galveston, firm at 7⅝, net receipts 2 589 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 3,158 bales; Baltimore, dull at 8⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8 5-16, net receipts 1 889 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7⅞, net receipts 378 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 185 bales, Savannah, firm at 7⅞c, net receipts 1,268 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7 13-16, net receipts 3,797 bales; Mobile, firm at 7 13 16c, net receipts 696 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 163 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7⅞c, net receipts 168 bales; Charleston, steady at 7⅞, net receipts 999 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand fair and prices firm. American middling 4 9-16d. Sales 12,000 bales, of which 10,100 were American; speculation and export 1 000. Receipts 46 000 bales, of which 36 400 were American. Futures opened firm and demand fair. American middling (l m c) January 4 27 64d; January and February 4 27 64@4 28 64d; February and March 4 26-64@4 27-64d; March and April 4 26-64, 4 26-64@4 27-64d; April and May 4 25 64@4 26-64d; May and June 4 26 64, 4 26-64, 4 25-64@4 26 64d; June and July 4 25 64, 4 26 64@4 27 64d; July and August 4 26 64@4 27-64d; August and September 4 24-64d; October and November 4 16-64@4 17-64d. American spot grades advanced 1-32d. American middling fair 5d; good middling 4 11 16d; middling 4 19 32d; low middling 4½d; good ordinary 4⅜d; ordinary 4 8-16d. Futures firm at the advance.

4 P M—American middling (l m c) January 4 27 64d seller; January and February 4 26 64d buyer; February and March 4 25-64@4 26 64d buyer; March and April 4 25-64d buyer; April and May 4 25 64d seller; May and June 4 24 64@4 25-64d buyer; June and July 4 25 64d seller; July and August 4 25 64d value; August and September 4 24 64d value; September and October 4 17 64@4 18-64d value; October and November 4 15 64d seller. Futures closed quiet but steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Point Caswell, Jas Madden.

Br Stmr Rydal Holme, 1255 tons, Brown, Chatham, N B, Alex Sprunt & Son.

CLEARED.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Steamer E A Hawes, Ward, Point Caswell, Jas Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 10, 1896

STEAMSHIPS.

Royalist, 2,024 tons, Pritchard, Heide & Co.

SCHOONERS.

Abbie G Cole, 232 ton, Cole, Jas T Riley & Co.

Eva May, 150 tons, Small, Jas T Riley & Co.

Emily F Northam, 213 tons, Johnson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W F Campbell, 168 tons, Stout, Jas T Riley & Co.

Fred B Balano, 247 tons, Sawyer, James T Riley & Co.

R S Graham, 325 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Maggie Abbott, 212 tons, McIntosh, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Julia Fowler, 213 tons, Cummings, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Henry Crosby, 246 tons, Stubbs, Jas T Riley & Co.

Mary B Judge, 449 tons, Morris, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Melrose (Br), 186 tons, Albury, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Bertha H (Br), 124 tons, LeCain, J T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Peerless (Br), 287 tons, Ellis, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Salem (Nor), 411 tons, Hanson, Paterson Downing & Co.

Gleandal (Nor), 498 tons, Tennesen, Heide & Co.

Antares (Ger), 466 tons, Rachlen, E Peschau & Co.

Emma Bauer (Ger), 536 tons, Niemann, Heide & Co.

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2,600 ACRES LAND,

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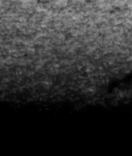
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Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

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"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

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"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." Carlos Martyn, D.D., New York City.

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A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

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POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

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Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

A LITTLE CHILD.

Bright, golden curls and innocent white brow,
And lips like red rose petals blown apart,
And laughing eyes of blue! I pray you now,
Come yet a little closer to my heart!

Nay, fear me not! Thy child heart understands
Love that trusts all and knows not to condemn,
Give me to hold thy tiny, tender hands,
That I may warm my withered soul with them!

Oh, let me feel—since in my memory
No earthly love upon my life hath smiled—
That heaven in mercy hath reserved for me
The kisses and the clinging of a child.

—Atlanta Constitution.

PROFESSIONAL MOURNERS.

Curious Calabrian Customs Which May Be Observed In New York.

In the Italian quarter I found myself the other day in a home which had been darkened by a double misfortune. A little Italian boy had fallen from a fire escape to the street and been instantly killed. His widowed mother, when she came upon the body of her son, went mad with grief and attempted to take her own life. She was taken to the hospital.

The boy's body lay upon a table, and a blazing candelabrum stood at its head. At the side the boy's foster father and his wife knelt in prayer. Seated about the room was a group of women chanting an Italian death wail. One of the women raised her face, and her quavering voice filled the room:

"Happiness has departed from us forever!"

And the others droned the refrain:

"Forever!"

"He will never be absent from our thoughts!"

"Never from our thoughts!"

And so on, strophe and antistrophe, the chief wailer leading and the chorus echoing the dismal refrain. It was a sight and a sound to move even the tardy sensibilities of a reporter.

Such scenes are not uncommon in the Italian quarter, though they seldom come under the eye of visitors. The professional mourner is an institution in some of the provinces of southern Italy. She—the office belongs entirely to the softer sex—is analogous to the Irish "keener," but with the difference that her wail is more musical than weird, whereas the "keener" is weird, piercing—almost anything but musical.

The Italian wailers—they are called "prefiche" in their native tongue—are doubtless descendants of the professional mourners of ancient Rome. They are most common, and their office is most clearly defined in the provinces of Abruzzo and Calabria and in Sicily. There they are regularly retained and rewarded with a fee. In other provinces a relative of the afflicted family may assume the office and lead the chorus, or the function may be of a wholly miscellaneous character, all the mourners joining in a song of woe.—New York Herald.

President Polk's Nashville Home.

The old Polk place on Vine street, the home of President James K. Polk, and the scene of many brilliant gatherings in former days, is viewed with interest by many visitors to Nashville. Many expressions of regret are heard from those who view the picturesque Polk place for the first time that the historic old homestead should have been allowed to fall into such a state of dilapidation. They think the old place should be maintained in good repair for the sake of the memories that surround it. It has been suggested more than once that it would make an ideal home for the official residence of Tennessee's governors. The excuse that can be very properly offered by Nashvillians for the present condition of the Polk place is that they have nothing to do with it, the property being in litigation. It is feared that ultimately, in the division of the property, the old place will be cut up into lots, and if that is done the home of Polk will become only a memory.—Nashville American.

LIGHTNING AND RUBBERS.

Wear Goloshes During a Thunderstorm if You Are Afraid.

The one thing which a woman most dreads—barring, of course, a mouse and being out of style—is a thunder shower. Many most estimable women, of character and force, who can lead great crusades and revolutionize society, go all to pieces at a clap of thunder, and a good many men, too, for that matter.

It is not agreeable to be struck by lightning. Nor is it at all necessary. There is a sure preventive—as sure as it is simple, inexpensive and always accessible—a pair of rubbers. If a woman will simply put on a pair of rubbers when the lightning begins to flash and the thunder to roar, and will stand on the floor so that she touches nothing else, she will be as safe as if she were sealed in a glass cage.

Rubber is a nonconductor of electricity, and if the lightning has to go through a sheet of rubber to get at you it will leave you alone and take something else. In other words, when you have on a pair of rubbers and are not in contact with anything, you are perfectly insulated.

This is not a theory merely. It is a fact proved by innumerable experiences. A pair of rubbers has saved many a life in a thunderstorm.

Last summer Horace W. Folger of Cambridgeport, Mass., was on a pilot-boat in Boston harbor, when a thunder shower came up. He was on deck wearing rubber boots, but steadying himself with one hand by a wire cable from the main topmast. Lightning struck the topmast, shivering it into splinters. Down the cable went the current. Folger was knocked unconscious. When he recovered, he was full of aches and pains, but he pulled through. If it had not been for the rubber boots, the current would have passed entirely through him. As it was the current could not get through his boots, so it passed down the cable.

It might be well to add that a pair of rubbers to be effective against lightning must be sound and whole. Do not put on an old pair with a crack in the toe because electricity will get out of a very small hole when it is cornered, and a pair of defective rubbers will do you no good.—New York Press.

THIS CHINAMAN KNEW ENGLISH.

A Genius For Expression Equal to His Scientific Equipment.

At the business ports of China it is customary for the Europeans to issue what is called an "express"—i. e., a special bill printed and delivered quickly by hand, announcing the arrival of any special goods, etc., as a means of advertisement. Our friend John Chinaman at Canton, not to be outdone in this style, issued the following epistle as an "express" last month, and which is highly amusing:

FOR SALE.
Best Peppermint Oil Made From Its Really Leafs.

Can Be Curable For the Sicknesses of Male, Female or Boy.

Dizzy.—Use to put or wipe few drops on the forehead, both sides under eyebrows, noseholes and both sides the back of ears.

Fever.—Wipe on the forehead and noseholes.

Fit.—Wipe most to the noseholes, and drink few drops mixed with tea.

Giddy.—Wipe both sides of forehead and noseholes.

Gout or Goutswollen.—Wipe both sides of forehead, noseholes and much to the breast.

Headache.—Wipe on the forehead and noseholes. Believe us. Choy Thoong Sung. Tai-pin Gate, Outside Brass Smith Road, Canton.

—London Tit-Bits.

A COLLEGE BOAT RACE.

The Winning Crew Had One Man Out With a Broken Oar.

Fifty feet below the long shells the referee's launch lay, and clinging to the rail as he leaned over the sharp cutwater the referee himself was giving orders in quick, exact tones.

At last he had finished, and the 18 men in the shells who had been straining their ears to catch every word straightened themselves in their seats and nervously gripped their oars afresh. Then, with the blood tingling curiously in their finger ends, they leaned their heads forward a trifle, and with eyes straight astern awaited the word.

"Ready!" and 16 oars flashed back the sunlight as they moved and dipped into the water again, their holders poising themselves, ready for the stroke. The launches had darted aside, the steamers were in position, and from the bows of the two shells up stream there stretched a clear space of water, which was lost only where the river bent toward the west. Suddenly there rang out loud and clear, "Go!"

Like a flash 16 pairs of shoulders squared, 16 seats shot back, and the water surged astern from the driven blades. A second later, and the river boiled under the wheels and propellers of the steam craft, and a mighty shout went up, punctuated by a dozen shrill blasts from the pipes of the steamers.

As they rounded a slight bend a little farther on Brooks gave another searching glance to his crew. Not a face there but was set and resolved; not one that looked dispirited, though every man was pulling strongly, and the perspiration streamed from faces and shoulders. Pleased with what he saw, he whispered again to the stroke, and at the same instant heard the indistinct sound of a similar warning in the other boat.

Again came the "Steady, there!" followed smartly by Wright's yell. Then there was a quick pull, another, a third, and on the third an ominous crack, a crunching sound, and the shell jarred sharply. Wright had shot back helpless in his seat, the handle of his oar clasped in his hands, while the blade drifted to the stern broken off at the rowlock. For the moment the confusion among the crew was complete. Brooks shouted directions, but the disorganization was sufficient to make the shell lose headway and sheer off toward the starboard side. The other boat was fully half a length ahead almost immediately, but it looked like a collision, the two shells were so close to each other.

Then, just as the stroke oar in the other boat came opposite to the bow of their boat, there came to each crew an order.

"Let her go—all together, there!" sang out the coxswain of their rival, and his boat shot forward under the increased stroke. But to Brooks' ears a more grateful sound was the deep toned voice of the No. 7 man in his own crew: "Steady, there! Now, pick her up—all together!" and then his sharp "One—two—three—four—five—six—seven—eight—nine—ten!"

And as if by magic order sprang from disorder, and at each count there was a strong, united pull, and Brooks felt the boat lift and shoot as the seven men threw their weight on the oars.

Now they had entered upon the last 100 yards of the race, and the stroke had been raised to 40 to the minute, and the coxswain of the other boat was nearly on a level with Brooks. Wright's face was wreathed with smiles. Fifty yards, and they were even; 25, and Brooks saw the swirl from the stroke oar of their rivals opposite to him, and he knew his own boat was ahead. A few last strokes, and they had passed the buoy at the finish, and with a shout of "Way enough!" Brooks threw out his hand to Wright.

But the latter had turned in his seat and had grasped the hand of the No. 7 man in his own and was gripping it hard.

"You've won the race for us," he was saying. And Fales could only return the handshake and look happy.—Francis Churchill Williams in St. Nicholas.

Screens In China.

Screens are to be seen everywhere in the Dragon Empire. They are carved of teakwood and handsomely painted with various figures and devices. In some parts of China bedsteads similar to our own are used. They are curiously carved, with drawers underneath and shelves for holding toilet necessities, all of which are hidden out of sight by drawers which look like a beautiful screen.

The rooms in the different suits of apartments are separated one from another by the carved wooden scroll work for which the Chinese are famous. It is usually dark and gives a very rich and handsome appearance to the whole interior, which is dull and dark—owing to the want of windows—until the myriads of lanterns are lighted. The carving is sometimes gilded, and sometimes the wood is left in a state of nature with a high polish. Doorways are often half filled in with it. Again, a low, deep frieze is seen all around the room. The women's apartments particularly are decorated with the carved work. Whatever can be imagined as contributing to pleasure and the support of luxury is to be found in the secluded quarters devoted to the women.—Philadelphia Times.

Wolseley's Opinion of the Chinese.

It was Lord Wolseley who regarded the Chinese as the greatest race in the world. His opinion was formed about 1860, when he was in China, and he never renounced it. He said to a representative of The Strand Magazine: "The Chinese people possess all the elements of being a great people. They have courage, physical power and absolute contempt for death. Today in that country soldiering is looked down upon. Only the 'failures in life' enter the army. Let a Bismarck or a Napoleon rise up among them, and in two generations they would be the greatest nation and conquering power in the world. They only need a leader. Give them progress, and they will conquer. Three hundred years ago they were the head of the world, but their growth was stunted. China wants a modern man with modern ambitions. Let their leader come, and they must revive again."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Its Fit Place.

"Tommy," said Mr. Figg sternly, "I hung a motto in your room to the effect that little boys should be seen and not heard."

"Yes, sir."

"I find that it has disappeared."

"Yes, sir."

"What did you do with it?"

"I—I took it down to the deef and dumb orphan asylum."—Indianapolis Journal.

No Familiarity There.

Mrs. Blues—Do you have to treat your cook as if she were a member of your family?

Mrs. Greys—Goodness, no! We have to be very kind and polite to her.—Oakland (Cal.) Times.

DON'T LET THIS FACT Escape You.

We are getting rid of our stock of Carpets, Rugs and Drapery at greatly reduced prices. Hemp Carpet from 12½c up to 20c. Cotton Carpet 18 to 25c. ¾ Wool, extra heavy, two ply Ingrain Carpet one yard at 37½c. All Wool at 50c. Tapestry at 45 and 50c. Body Brussels at 60 and 75c. We will close out a lot of 10,000 yards of Flannelette in stripes and in dark colors at 5c a yard, 27 inches wide; 25 inch plaids in Dress Flannelette at 5c a yard. Pants Cloth, heavy and good quality at 15c a yard.

Shoes! Shoes!

Do you need Shoes at half price? We have on hand 500 pairs of very fine French Kid, Ladies' Button Shoes, worth $3 50 and 5.00 a pair, in all lasts, A, B, C, D and E, all style toes. The very best and finest Shoes made at $1 69 a pair, a special price. These Shoes were bought from a fine retail store on Sixth avenue, New York, and we bought the entire stock of Fine Shoes. There is not a pair in the lot that can be matched for less than $3.50. Remember our offer at $1.69, less than half price. We have all grades of Shoes. Ladies' Pebble Polkas, all solid, at 75c a pair. Ladies' Button Dongola, all solid, at $1 00 a pair. Old Ladies' Dongola, low cut, in lace, low heel, nice and soft, at $1 00 a pair. Children's very fine and soft Kid Button Shoes at 35, 50 and 68c a pair. Come to the One Price, Spot Cash Racket Store, at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

jan 5 tf



Mr. Wm. Goat—"I had a very narrow escape from death to-day, my dear. I ate one of those lawn mower signs and in process of digestion it cut me several times."

Nanny Goat—"Gracious! William, you always were careless and imprudent in eating. What did you do for it?"

Mr. Wm. Goat—"Just swallowed a **Pond's Extract** sign. You know **Pond's Extract** is the best thing for cuts and lacerations."

Avoid substitutes.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., New York.

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As a further protection against all imitations.

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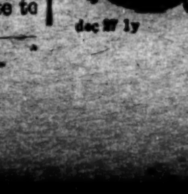
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28 Cents Per Pound

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ORIENTAL WARES

in every conceivable shape.

We had a thousand pieces when the season began. We have a hundred pieces now. They are worth the first price. Will you take them at a SACRIFICE? Remember that you take them at just HALF the marked price.

DOLLS.

Those pretty Dolls will be sold for half the marked price. These Dolls will not last long at these prices.

Lace Curtains.

CURTAINS THAT SOLD FOR

$7.00	this	week	$4.75
5.00	"	"	3.50
4.00	"	"	2.55
3.50	"	"	2.25
2.50	"	"	1.40
2.25	"	"	1.35
2.00	"	"	1.25
1.75	"	"	1.15
1.50	"	"	1.00

These are samples. Call early.

Mattings,

NEW MATTINGS.

Twenty-five pieces Matting just arrived. This lot of Mattings represent a portion of a large import order given by us during the Fall. Mattings are cheaper than last year. You can get a very good Matting for 12½c a yard. We have about 150 yards at that price, for which you have paid 16⅔c a yard. You must examine the line shown at 15c per yard, also at 20, 25 and 30c a yard.

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Comforts, Blankets, Damask Portiers, Trunks.

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Gloves, Underwear.

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Successor to BROWN & RODDICK!

No. 29 North Front St.

P. S.—On the 1st January BILLS will be rendered for all accounts on my Books, and I will appreciate an early settlement of same. Thanking the public for their generous patronage during the past year, I will make every effort to merit a continuance of same in the future.

dec 29 tf

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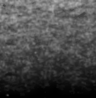
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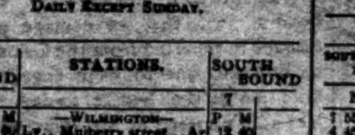
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W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

Daily Except Sunday.

North Bound	Stations.	South Bound
8		7
P M	—Wilmington—	P M
3 00	Lv.. Mulberry street.. Ar	12 40
3 38	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville Lv	11 09
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville Lv	9 35
5 3	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

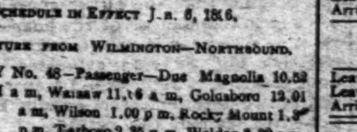
Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule in Effect Jan. 6, 1896.

Departure from Wilmington—Northbound.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.16 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 3.35 p m, Weldon 3.38 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.16 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 3.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.53 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6 20 a m, Goldsboro 6.50 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.18 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.43 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m; returning leaves Tarboro 4.30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m., arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.41 p m; Sunday 3.45 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.00 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.50 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11.20 a m and 7.15 p m. Lucknow 1.00 p m, and 8.15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.00 a m and 3.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.10 a m, Rowland 9.35 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.16 p m, arrives Dillon 6.37 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6.40 p m, arrive Clio 7.05 p m, returning leave Clio 6.10 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.25 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7.25 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.20 a m, *9.20 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 8.54 p m, Gibson 9.20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 5.80 a m, Bennettsville 6.16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, *6.45 a m, Darlington 7.20 a m, *7.20 p m, 4.30 p m, 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.50 a m, *7.50 a m, 5 p m, 6.45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7.12 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 1.15 a m, Rowland 6.02 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.57 a m, Fayetteville 10.58 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.33 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7.25 a m, arrives Sumter †8.33 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5.40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4.33 a m, arrives Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4.17 p m, arrive Sumter 6.05 p m. Leaves Pregnall †6.30 a m, arrives Sumter †8.05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6.35 p m, arrives Darlington †7.55 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 8 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

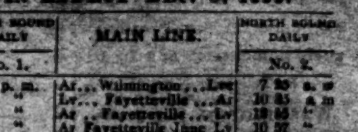
Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 163. jan 25 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

South Bound Daily No. 1.	Main Line.	North Bound Daily No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar... Wilmington ... Lv	7 20 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ... Ar	10 35 a. m
4 38 "	Ar... Fayetteville ... Lv	10 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv..... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv...... Climax Lv	2 25 "
1 08 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar.. Walnut Cove... Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv.... Rural Hall... Lv	5 11 "
9 35 "	Lv..... Mt Airy..... Ar	6 45 "

South Bound Daily No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	North Bound Daily No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 35 a. m.
6 12 "	Lv...... Maxton...... Ar	9 28 "
5 42 "	Lv... Red Springs.... Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 38 "	Lv.... Fayetteville... Ar	10 52

South Bound Daily except Sunday. No. 15. Mixed.	Factory and Madison Branches.	North Bound Daily except Sunday. No. 16. Mixed.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Ramseur..... Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv..... Climax..... Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ... Greensboro... Ar	9 20 "

North Bound.	No. 16 Mixed. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison..................	11 50 "

South Bound.	No. 15. Mixed. daily ex su
Leave Madison...................	12 15 p m
Leave Stokesdale................	1 33 "
Arrive Greensboro...............	2 25 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

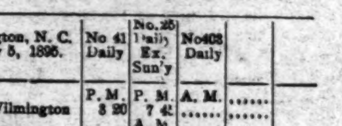
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

dec 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 42	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 1	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43	......
Leave Charlotte			10 43	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M	......
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Air Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 0
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4.09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," last vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

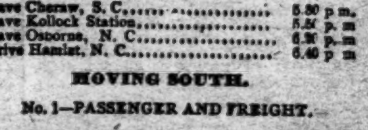
For information as to rates, schedules, &c., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N. C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER Gen'l Mgr. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Dec. 2, 1895.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	5.30 p. m
Leave Kollock Station	5.5? p. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	6.2? p. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	6.40 p m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

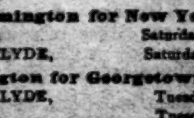
Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.20 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

dec 7 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday,	Jan. 4
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Jan. 11

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Jan. 4
GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday,	Jan. 11

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Tuesday,	Jan. 7
CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Jan. 14

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. jan 3 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 10, 1896

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Status of the Free Coinage Substitute For the House Bond Bill—The New Bond Issue—Condition of the Gold Reserve—Appropriation For Pensions—The Venezuela Commission and Its Labors.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A very careful canvass of the Senate on the free coinage substitute for the House bond bill has been made and it is claimed as a result of that canvass that the majority in the Senate in favor of free coinage at this time will be exceedingly small. Some of the so-called "sound money" men go so far as to say that it may possibly be defeated. A conference was held yesterday by Mr. Gorman and Mr. Gray, representing the anti-silver men on the Democratic side of the chamber, and Mr. Aldrich, on the Republican side. These three men went over the situation in a thorough manner and came to the conclusion that there was good reason to regard the passage of a free coinage bill at this time as a matter about which there is some doubt. They decline to mention any names, but it is given out that there are twenty-six or twenty-seven Republicans who will vote against the substitute, and fourteen Democrats, making a total of forty or forty one—within three or four of a majority against the bill. The figures given are claimed to comprise a list of votes about which there is no doubt, and they think that sufficient doubtful votes may yet be won over to defeat the bill.

Secretary Carlisle expressed the opinion to day that the new bond issue will be a success. He did not intimate whence the gold would come but he spoke with a full knowledge of the number of inquires made for blank forms for bids and the informal offers made. The mails today brought in quite a number of inquiries for blank forms on which to make bids and in some cases persons desirous of subscriptions stated the amount they wanted and the price they would offer. These figures of course are withheld from publication. The bids are regarded as informal, and when possible those making them will be communicated with and blank forms will be sent them so that they may comply with all the requirements and make their bids in regular shape.

A circular letter of instructions to prospective bidders was issued to-day. It says:

"The subscriber should state plainly the amount of bonds desired, the price which he proposes to pay and the place where the bonds shou d be delivered, which may be the subscriber's home or any other more convenient place.

"He should at the same time state whether he desires to deposit the amount of his subscription at the Treasury Department in the city of Washington or at one of the following sub-Treasuries: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans or San Francisco.

The bonds will be issued in the following denominations, viz: Coupon bonds, $50, $100, $500 and $1 000; registered bonds, $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000."

The gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at $57,715,826. The withdrawals to-day at New York were $206,000.

The general pension bill for the year ending June 30th, 1897, as reported to the House to-day by Mr. Blue, of Kansas, carries an appropriation of $141,325 830, being $58 750 below the estimate and $55,750 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

The Venezuelan Commission will meet at the State Department Saturday morning, when all the members will be present according to their intentions as signified to Justice Brewer, president of the body. In all probability the commission will remain in Washington several days selecting a permanent place of meeting for which a building distant from any Government offices will be secured if possible. The commission is also expected at its next session to request the State Department to furnish it with evidence, both documentary and graphical, which will require the commission's consideration in ascertaining the true divisional line in the disputed territory. The Venezuelan evidence still remains in Caracas and cannot reach here for at least ten days after the State Department makes a formal request for its presentation. It is exceedingly voluminous, including every note in the long correspondence between Venezuela and Great Britain and the United States on the subject, as well as certified copies of all the old documents in Dutch and Spanish archives which exhaustive researches have shown to have connections with the possessions and claims of those countries in South America before the British colonists appeared. Fac similes of numerous maps are included as well as many originals owned by Americans. Considerable satisfaction is expressed today with the authorized announcement that all the British papers in the case are being prepared for presentation to Parliament at its meeting in February next, thus ensuing the presentation of the British case before the commission in an official shape though through a roundabout channel, for neither Ambassador Bayard will be enabled to send the official blue book of the case to the Department here or Sir Julian Pauncefote furnish a copy to Secretary Olney. It is the opinion of those most directly concerned in the commission that its labors will not be completed within three months.

WARM WIRELETS.

A violent storm in Northern Italy has done much damage on shore and to shipping along the coast. It is feared many lives have been lost.

It seems probable that another strike of the motormen and conductors of the Union Traction Company, of Philadelphia, will take place Saturday morning. It promises to be serious.

Hartley, Johnson & Co., and the Belle of Nelson Distilling Company of Louisville, Ky., have made deeds of assignment to the Columbia Trust Company. These two firms, which are really one, did an enormous whiskey business.

John P. Bones & Co., cotton and commission merchants, Augusta, Ga., were closed yesterday by the sheriff. Mr. Bones is out of the city and no statement is obtainable, but it is understood that liabilities will foot up $50,000. Speculation caused the failure.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 9.—Spirits turentine firmer at 31@31½c. Rosin dull and easy; strained commonto good $1 60 @1 62½.

CHARLESTON, January 9.—Spirits turpentine dull at 26½c; receipts 9 casks. Rosin firm—good strained $1 10 @1 25; receipts 612 barrels.

SAVANNAH, January 9.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 28½c for regulars, with sales of 148 casks; closed firm at 28½c, with sales of 180 casks; receipts 173 casks. Rosin unchanged; sales 4,175 barrels of M and below.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE

OCCUPIED MUCH OF THE ATTENTION OF CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

Senator Stewart Talks of Financial Matters—Petitions Favoring Appropriations for Coast Defences—Pension Appropriation Bill Reported in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The House bond bill, with the free coinage substitute for it, reported from the Committee on Finance, was to have engaged the attention of the Senate to-day, but a half hour's speech by Mr. Baker of Kansas, Republican, in favor of extreme application of the Monroe doctrine and an hour and three-quarters' speech by Mr. Stewart on the financial question prevented the taking up of the bond bill until so late an hour that Mr. Jones, of Alabama, preferred to withhold his debate upon it until to-morrow.

Mr. Baker's speech—his first in the Senate chamber—had for its text and ground work a joint resolution introduced by him declaring that the extension by any European Power of its territorial limits on the Western Hemisphere, whether by war, treaty, purchase or otherwise, without the consent of the United States, will be regarded as an unfriendly act; and in his speech he declared that that position would be maintained by war, if necessary. The joint resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

In presenting some petitions favoring appropriations for coast defences, Mr. Daniel of Virginia, Democrat, expressed the opinion that the public apprehensions as to the danger of the bombardment of American seaports were overstrained, but he also expressed the hope that the country would prepare itself for whatever emergency might happen. He favored the passage of Mr. Squire's fortification bill.

A brief executive session was held and then, at 4 10, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For some reason, not apparent on the surface, the House Committee on Rules did not to-day report the changes it proposed to make in the code of the Fifty-first Congress under which the House has so far been operating, although their work is completed and is in print. Mr. Henderson of Illinois, Re-publican, gave notice that he would make the report to-morrow.

Mr. Blue of Kansas, Republican, reported the general pension appropriation bill for the year ending June 30th, 1897, and gave notice that he would call it up after the report of the Committee on Rules has been disposed of.

A concurrent resolution was offered for immediate adoption by Mr. Livingston but Mr. Bouteile objected.

The following is the text: That the President of the United States is hereby requested to forthwith ascertain whether Great Britain is advancing her outposts on the territory in dispute between her colony of British Guiana and the Republic of Venezuela, or is reinforcing posts heretofore established, with troops, police or ordnance, and should the President become cognizant of the fact that a British military or police force is advancing to invade or reinforce, or since the 17th day of December last, has invaded or reinforced posts formerly occupied within said disputed territory, he demand the immediate withdrawal of said soldiers and the reduction of the police force in said territory to not a greater number occupying the British outposts on the aforesaid 17th day of December, 1895.

The resolution went to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. At 12 25, after a session of only 25 minutes, the House adjourned until to-morrow.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced five to six points, but reacted and declined five to seven points, closing quiet with sales of 161,500 bales.

To-day's features: Prices looked firm enough at first and they actually advanced, favored by stronger cables, a rise in consols, rather more favorable news from Manchester, light receipts at the ports and most of the interior towns and more or less covering of shorts. Later on, however, there was a reaction when Liverpool showed weakness and consols declined. A rumor was circulated to the effect that Great Britain was taking rather aggressive measures in Venezuela in regard to the policing of the disputed territory. Besides, there was less demand from the shorts and there was a fair amount of local and Southern and European selling. It is a small market and most operators are keeping pretty close to shore until they can see their way ahead clearly. The St. Louis receipts were large enough to encourage the bears to some extent, being five per cent. greater than on the corresponding day last year, but at the same time the St. Louis shipments were even larger than its receipts, and the estimated interior arrivals this week are much less than those of last week, to say nothing of last year. It is likely to be a more or less unsettled market, however, until the financial and political situations clear up. The stock markets of New York and London were reported better in spite of the sensational war rumors afloat.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

May Wheat Closed Higher—Corn Lower—Oats Firm—Lard and Oats Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, January 9.—May wheat opened from 60½ to 59⅝c, sold between 60½@60⅝ and 59⅝c, closing at 60⅛@60⅜—⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was steady.

May corn opened at 29½c, sold between 29½@29⅝ and 28⅞c, closing at 29½c—a shade lower than yesterday. Cash corn was quotably ¼c under yesterday.

Oats—Business was fair, the course of prices being marked by the irregularity that prevailed in wheat and corn. At the close comparative firmness existed. Cash oats were firm.

Provisions—Product was higher today, the improvement being almost continuous, but a temporary back-set took place during the session. The hog market was higher but aside therefrom there was undeniable confidence felt in values. The close was 12½c higher than yesterday for May pork, 10c higher for May lard and 5@7½c higher for May ribs.

United States District Attorney Macfarland, of New York, has filed a bill of complaint in the United States Circuit Court in the name of the United States against the thirty-two railroad companies constituting the joint traffic association, and has given notice that he will, on January 17th, make a motion for an injunction to restrain them from operating under their agreement.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

TRANSVAAL REPUBLIC.

LARGE INDEMNITY CLAIMED FOR THE JAMESON RAID.

Abrogation of British Suzerainty One of the Conditions of Settlement—A British Flying Squadron Assembling at Portland—A British Gunboat and German Cruiser Now in Delagoa Bay.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 9.—A dispatch dated Johannesburg, January 7th, says that seven of the revolutionist leaders have been arrested upon charges of treason.

A dispatch to the *Globe* from Berlin says it is rumored that the Transvaal Government has intimated to Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal Secretary of State, who is now in Berlin, that one of the conditions of the settlement of the present difficulties would be the abrogation of the convention of 1884, by which England exercises suzerainty over the Transvaal Republic. The dispatch says that the question of laying a telegraph cable affording direct communication between Germany and the Transvaal is being discussed.

It was reported on the Stock Exchange to-day that President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic, has made a claim of 500,000 pounds sterling indemnity from the British South Africa Company for the damage inflicted by Dr. Jameson's raid into the Transvaal.

The flying squadron, composed of the battleships Royal Oak and Revenge and the cruisers Gibraltar, Hermione, Charybdis and Theseus, which is now fitting out will, when all preparations are completed, assemble at Portland for final orders. The Admiralty have ordered the Devonport dockyard to put six of the swiftest torpedo destroyers into commission and get them in readiness to join the flying squadron at Portland January 14th.

In addition to the six fast torpedo destroyers ordered to be got in readiness at Devonport to join the flying squadron at Portland by January 14th, the Admiralty have sent orders to other yards requiring six other boats of the same class to be put into commission as quickly as possible.

LISBON, January 9.—A dispatch from Lorenzo Marquez (Portuguese) South Africa, says that the British gunboat Thrush and the German cruiser Seeadler are now in Delagoa Bay. It is reported that the Government of Portugal has decided to remain absolutely neutral in the disputes between Germany and England, regarding the South African Republic, permitting neither to land troops at Delagoa Bay or march them across Portuguese South African territory.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Since the fact became known that Emperor William had before the Jameson raid decided to intervene in the Transvaal, the feeling against Germany has greatly increased in bitterness. The naval preparations now being made meet with the fullest popular approval and the more fiery among those who are in favor of war declare that the time has come for Great Britain to assert herself in her might and teach Germany that she will brook no interference with her suzerainty in the Transvaal.

Those of calmer blood hold that court interference, which is against any hostility towards Germany, will be sufficiently powerful to prevent an outbreak. But court interference does not and cannot control the popular demand, which is decidedly in favor of warfare.

A dispassionate view of the situation leads to the belief, however, that the excitement will soon die away and matters resume their normal condition. The naval preparations, however, are proceeding apace. In addition to the flying squadron which has been ordered to be put in readiness, instructions were issued today for the immediate commissioning of twenty torpedo boat destroyers. All these preparations, together with the mobilization of the land forces, do not necessarily mean that there will be a war. In well informed circles it is believed that they simply mean that the Government is on the alert against any emergency that may arise, and should conditions demand it, it will be ready to strike a swift blow against any enemy.

The best criterion of the situation is to be found at the Stock Exchange, where the tone and prices respond to every touch of fear or hope. This morning the markets displayed a sanguine tone and consols advanced from yesterday's closing prices. Later there was a slight decline, but on the whole there was an advance as compared with the values of yesterday. Altogether, it can be said that there appears to be an improvement in the situation and unless new and unforeseen difficulties arise it is thought that the pending questions will be settled diplomatically and not by the final arbitrament of war.

BERLIN, January 9.—The *National Zeitung*, publishes a semi-official communication which says that if the maritime preparations which are being made by England denote her intention to resort to pressure, the Transvaal question will become an international one and merge others, especially the Egyptian question.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The *Daily News* records the activity that is being displayed by military officers and declares that certainly complete measures are being taken to organize the military force even to the nomination of a General to command and the provisional selection of a staff. It adds that urgent haste is not being shown; that rather only preparations are being made for a possible emergency.

The *Morning Post* says that one torpedo boat destroyer will be allotted to each battleship and cruiser belonging to the Channel fleet and flying squadron. The paper remarks with significance that Germany has the strongest flotilla of torpedo boats, it being believed that she possesses 112 against Britain's 75. The *Post* also says it understands that the Cabinet has been summoned to meet on Saturday.

SEVERE EARTHQUAKES.

Many Villages in Persia Destroyed—Eleven Hundred Persons Killed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

TEHERAN, PERSIA, Jan. 9—Two severe earthquakes, causing the loss of 1,100 lives, have occurred in the Khalhal district. The first shock, which was experienced on Thursday last, was very severe. It completely destroyed the village of Zanasbid and partly destroyed other villages. Three hundred persons perished in the several villages. On the following Sunday there was another and severe shock which destroyed the small town of Gol and did great damage in many of the villages in the district affected. Eight hundred persons were killed in Gol alone. Large numbers of cattle and sheep perished.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words 'For Transient Sale', are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time but finally injure the system.

BROWN-SATTERFIELD.

A REMARKABLE CASE ON TRIAL AT RALEIGH.

The Fraudulent "Assignment Act"—Death of Alfred Williams—A Man Found Dead—Baptist Gathering—Russell Men—Defaulting Treasurer—Mrs. Arrington Defiant.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 9.

The Brown Satterfield case was called this morning, but because of absence of witnesses the case was postponed until this afternoon at 3.30. Mr. W. E. Christian, of Washington, D. C., has been summoned and will arrive to-morrow. Both Brown and Satterfield claim that they will have no difficulty in establishing their innocence. Col Edwards and B. S. Royster are attorneys for Brown. Possibly some of Satterfield's lawyers will also assist him. Zeb. Vance Walser, Tom Purnell and others are here as counsel for Satterfield. Satterfield says he is greatly pleased that McIver is the judge.

There was a big gathering of Baptists here yesterday. A portrait of the late Dr. Durham was ordered to be placed in the Baptist mission rooms, by the mission board. The sum of ten thousand dollars was appropriated to the State for carrying on the work of State missions.

It is said that ten out of the fifteen members of the Republican State Executive Committee are Russell men. This is a pretty good showing for Demosthenes Lycurgus.

Mrs. Lucy Mangum, an aged lady of this county, was burned to death Sunday morning.

The Caraleigh and the Raleigh Cotton Mills and the Florina Flooring Mills, each declared 3 per cent. dividend yesterday. There was a meeting of the stockholders of these mills and officers elected.

J. D. Morgan, the negro who embezzled five hundred dollars from the colored Masons and fled to New Jersey, plead guilty this morning and offered to pay the amount he had defaulted for as treasurer.

Mrs. Arrington was very defiant last night after mercy had been shown her. She repeated her charges against Whitaker and said she would republish them. This morning capias instanter was issued for her and she was brought into court.

[*Special Star Telegram*]

Chas. J. Voorhees died suddenly today at Henderson.

Alfred Williams, aged ninety, and founder of the firm of that name, died this evening, from three days' illness, with bronchitis. Mr. Williams was one of Raleigh's wealthy citizens.

A man was found dead in a creek near Wake Forest. The coroner was sent for.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 9.—The trial of a very remarkable case began here today. It dates back to the last Legislature, of which J. W. Brown was enrolling clerk and S. P. Satterfield principal clerk of the lower House. A bill was introduced at the instance of a lawyer named Smith, who says he dictated it. The bill was in these words: "That all conditional sales, assignments, mortgages or deeds of trust which are executed to secure any debt, obligation, note or bond, which gives preferences to any creditor of the maker, shall be absolutely void as to existing creditors except those given to secure cash advanced at the time of the execution of the same or to secure advancements for farming purposes."

The committee struck out all after the word "creditors," and reported the bill favorably. It is stamped. "Tabled in the House, March 19th, 1895." The bill never was before the Senate at all, yet when the Secretary of State began to copy the acts for publication after the Legislature adjourned, he found this act duly ratified and signed by the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate. A prodigious sensation resulted, as the act completely stopped the giving of mortgages on crops and thus prevented farmers from procuring supplies from merchants. Gov. Carr, acting as a citizen, sued the Secretary of State to compel the latter to eliminate this fraudulent act from the volume of the acts of the Legislature. There was no denial of the fact that the act was a fraud. The question was how to undo the House bill, illegally done. The case went up to the Supreme Court, which said the question presented was absolutely new; that if the Court did not look behind the record, lobbyists and corrupt men would feel safer in their attempts to pervert the laws, while, on the other hand, if the Court permitted every act to be inquired into, the State would be plagued with a ponderous tax of evils. The Court further declared that this was the first case on record in the world where a forger tried to play law-maker.

Three of the Justices of the Court decided that there was no power to go behind ratification, but that this act must be construed as given above in its integrity and not as amended. Two Justices dissented, saving the Court had power to go behind falsely obtained signatures of the President and Speaker, and declared the act invalid.

At the last term of Wake County Criminal Court true bills were found by the grand jury against Satterfield and Brown. That against the former was for negligently and wilfully failing to perform the duties of his office in that he delivered to Brown a bill entitled "An Assignment Act," and also with corruptly procuring its enrollment. Brown was charged with wilfully and negligently permitting the enrollment of the act.

The first case—that against Satterfield—was taken up to-day. He had four attorneys and several witnesses. The State had summoned as witnesses Speaker Walser, Wm. Smith, who dictated the bill, R. L. Smith, the member who introduced it, W. E. Christian, Washington correspondent of the Raleigh *News and Observer*, W. P. Batchelor, chief clerk of the Secretary of State, and J. C. Ellington, State Librarian. Enrolling Clerk Brown is also here with four lawyers and several witnesses. The contention of the State is that the bill enrolled is identical with the bill as amended, and that this proves that the original bill was the one from which the enrolled bill was made. The defence contends that the original bill never left Satterfield's possession and that a forged bill was the one from which the enrolled bill was made.

In the Superior Court here to-day, Mrs. Pattie D. Arrington, who was yesterday convicted of libelling ex-Judge Spier Whitaker, was tried for writing and publishing in her weekly paper, *The Criminal Docket*, an article defaming the memory of the late Chief Justice W. N. Smith, by saying he had by fraud secured a house and lot from her. Her evidence totally failed to sustain her charges and it was shown that the sale was made under a court decree and was confirmed by the court. Smith paid cash for the property.

Judge McIver told the jury if it believed the testimony it was bound to find her guilty. She asked leave to make a statement, and turning her back on the Judge addressed the crowded court room, saying: "I want to say to the Judge and this crowd and the bar that I will never take back one word I said in the Whitaker case, but as to the Smith case I will say that since I have heard and seen the evidence I know Smith was innocent, but W. W. Vass is guilty, as he misled me. I am sorry I said anything against Smith."

Solicitor Pou prayed for judgment on Mrs Arrington. She will be sentenced on Saturday. Barnes Bros., who printed her paper, were found guilty in a verdict and will also be sentenced Saturday.

VENEZUELA DISPUTE.

LORD SALISBURY'S ATTITUDE ON THE ARBITRATION QUESTION.

The British Government Storing Coal At Its Supply Station Near the Venezuelan Coast—The London Times Fears a Renewal of the Crisis.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

GLASGOW, January 9.—The Glasgow *Herald* claims to have a semi-official authority for the statement that Lord Salisbury's attitude in regard to Venezuela is wholly unchanged and that upon no account will he submit to arbitration territory occupied by British subjects who are relying upon Great Britain's protection. Lord Salisbury, the *Herald* says, is ready to arbitrate all questions which the diplomatic dispatches have admitted to be open and is also ready to concede any inconsiderable claims which do not involve a transfer of the allegiance of British subjects.

NEW YORK, January 9.—A special cable dispatch to the *Mail and Express* from Caracas, Venezuela, says: "The newspapers of Caracas this afternoon demand that the Government shall send troops to the Guiana frontier immediately."

LONDON, January 9.—The Colonial Office has issued a note declaring that the statement printed in a New York newspaper to-day, in an alleged cable dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, that British troops with cannon have arrived at Cayund, is absolutely unfounded.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—Information has reached the Navy Department that the British Government is displaying great activity in storing coal at its well fortified naval coaling and supply station of St. Lucia, near the Venezuelan coast. The disturbed relations between Great Britain and Germany are given as the reasons for the activity.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The *Times* dwelling upon the many dangerous elements which tend to make the Anglo-American situation still serious, this morning refers to Mr. Geo. W. Smalley's renewed plea for the fullest and earliest disclosure of the English case in regard to the Venezuelan frontier dispute and continues:

"It is impossible not to acknowledge the force of the contention, and really, if no more serious obstacle to the course he advocates exists than the technical rule as to the publication of official documents, the sooner some ingenious method of propitiating the Goddess Red Tape is hit upon the better. Blue Books, it is whispered, may not be issued with impunity, save while Parliament is sitting. Parliament will not sit for another month, and, therefore, both America and England must wait. Events, however, may not wait, and if events do not wait, the feeling of passion and prejudice will not wait and we may have a renewal of the crisis upon us."

The *Times* asks whether or not this Blue Book tradition is worth upholding at the risk of precipitating a war from which two great people shrink with horror and suggests that the London *Gazette* be utilized to give the information needed. The paper urges the ministers to accelerate the proposition for the necessary documents, and concludes its article thus: "We should, regardless of precedents, set out our case fairly before the world. We firmly believe it is a good case and that if produced before passion gets the upper hand of judgment will be received in a fair and amicable spirit. But the danger is growing, and if it is to be stemmed successfully, must be stemmed at once."

THE BOND SYNDICATE

Expects to Secure the Entire $100,000,000 Loan—And Will Take All or None.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 9.—From a subscribing member of the J. Pierpont Morgan bond syndicate the following facts have been obtained: "The syndicate expects to secure the entire $100,000,000 four per cent. bonds which are to be sold by the Treasury on February 5th. Mr. Morgan will bid for the entire issue, and expects to get it. It will take all or none. The reason for Mr. Morgan's confidence of entire success is that he will make an offer so advantageous that no other proposition can stand in his way. This offer is to purchase the entire $100,000,000, paying principal and premium in gold, and in addition, furnish an amount in gold equal to one-third of the issue, $33,333,333 33, in exchange for greenbacks.

The Government gold reserve will thus not only be brought up to the recognized limit, but will have a large surplus for its protection. The price which the syndicate will offer is not exactly known by any one beside Mr. Morgan. It will be considerably more than the 104⅜ paid last February. This low premium was paid because of the provision in the contract compelling the syndicate to protect the Treasury reserve. No such contract will be made this time. Therefore, a higher price will be paid. The figure is believed to be 108.

The syndicate is now accumulating gold from every available source.

Members of the syndicate will be at liberty to make individual bids besides the syndicate bid.

This is the state of affairs to-day. The position will probably hold until February 5th without any change of important details. The President and Secretary of the Treasury have no agreement private or public, with the syndicate. They know however, what are Mr. Morgan's intentions and knew it when the public call was issued."

The Palmer House, Leadville, Col., was burned yesterday morning. The eight year-old son of Mrs. Cornwell was burned to death. Many of the occupants had narrow escapes.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

THE PRIZE FIGHTERS.

Jack Everhardt to Fight Hosea Loede—Fitzsimmons Training For His Match With Maher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

EL PASO, TEXAS, January 9.—Dan Stuart arrived this morning with Jack Everhardt and trainer. Everhardt is matched against Horace Leeds.

Fitzsimmons has gone into heavy training and is making things warm for Trainer Stenson. Fitzsimmons gives it out cold that he is in for blood. Maher will be here to-morrow.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Wanted—To teach Piano and Vocal Music. Lessons to be given in your homes. For terms and references, apply to my brother, Mr. S. L. Alderman 119½ Market street. Respectfully, Miss Manna Alderman. jan 9 1w*

Cow—Lost, strayed or stolen from 709 McRae street, Sunday, two weeks ago. Color dark red. Reward will be paid upon its return to J. S. McGoure, at above address. th su jan 9 2t

Cheapest place in town. I am selling Mince Meat at 6 cents per pound; Currants, 6 cents per pound; Loose Jelly and Preserves, 8 cents a pound; Preserves in Bottles at actual cost. Come and see me. Chas. D. Jacobs, ag't, 317½ North Front street. jan 8 tf

The New Year is here and new drinks come with A. P. Levy at the French Cafe. Carries the best lines of straight, mixed and otherwise drinks in the city. Come see Albert, Joe and Bob and be convinced. jan 1 tf

When you want a nice bunch of Bananas, a barrel of Baldwin's, a case or crate of fine We tern Apples, a bag of Irish or Sweet Potatoes, Turnips, Onions, Beans, or Mountain Butter from ten to forty pound tubs, call or send your orders to A. S. Winstead & Co., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers. jan 1 D&W tf

Photographs—If your Photo U. would C. Come along and sit with me; Prices right, Photos bright, Don't delay, But come right away. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 29 tf

Removal—From and after this date I will have my residence at the Purcell House. J. F. Woolvin Undertaker and Embalmer. dec 12 1m

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c11

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c11

THE CHICAGO.



Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask

We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

dec 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

---63 1-2 Steps---

From the corner of Front and Princess streets will bring you to

Mercer & Evans'

Shoe Store,

where you can buy Shoes as cheap as the cheapest, and as good as the best.

Call there, buy a pair and get a copy of the Puzzle of the Day, and see how the "Gold Bugs" and the "Silver Bugs" will get across "Greenback River" together.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

H. C. Evans' Old Stand.

dec 21 tf

The Annual Meeting

OF THE

Stockholders

OF THE

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

At which Directors for the ensuing year will be elected, will be held in the Directors' room of the Bank on Tuesday, January 14th, 1896, at 4 p. m.

Managers of Election—A. David, H. VonGlahn, I. D. Bellamy, Jr.

jan 8 tf

Our Medicines

CURE.

JAMES D. NUTT,

jan 5 tf THE DRUGGIST.

Announcement.

I TAKE THIS METHOD of announcing to all my old friends and patrons that I have again located in Wilmington and may be found at Prompert's Barber Shop, No. 11 South Front street, where I will be pleased to see you one and all.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM J. STEWART.

dec 30 tf

S. H. Fishblate's

MATCHLESS

REDUCTIONS

—ON—

SUITS

—AND—

OVERCOATS.

The blame is on the weather.

We acknowledge the corn. We are overstocked. Nothing left to do but to slash into the prices and compel you men to buy! We are going to do it—at once—now. The center of Clothing selling will be here in this Store for the next two weeks—if the lowest prices ever heard of for FINE CLOTHING count for anything—and they will.

Opportunities

Don't last forever, they come and go. A Bargain is an opportunity. You must take it quickly or miss it forever. Don't blame us if you come too late.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

jan 1 tf

It Is Strange

How Easily Some People are Fooled Out of Their Hard Earned Money.

We don't think it right to advertise that we are going to sell you goods at a reduced price for cash and then not do it. During the past week this has been our experience. Customers have come in and bought of us and then tell us that we are selling cheaper than some of those *great big establishments* who claim to sell *cheap for cash*, but don't practice what they preach. Trade is coming our way and we are striving to take care of it. Don't fail to look at our

China Tables

AND OUR SHOW CASES FULL OF THINGS SUITABLE FOR

XMAS PRESENTS.

Remember bargains in

Oil, Coal and Wood Heaters,

COAL VASES

and other winter comforts. We are not afraid to compare prices with any establishment in the city.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street.

dec 15 tf

In Everybody's Mouth.

"Frog in Your Throat, 10c."

Familiar in our mouths as household words,

"Frog in Your Throat, 10c."



"Frog in Your Throat, 10c."

Lubricates your voice.

Call and see the "Frog in Your Throat" display (something immense) at

BUNTING'S PHARMACY

Y. M. C. A. Building, and

Bunting's Brooklyn Pharmacy,

Cor. Fourth and Bladen Sts.,

jan 8 t

CROLIUS & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton.

45-47 Exchange Place and Mount Morris Bank Building, 125th Street and Park Avenue.

OUR MARKET LETTER, ISSUED GRATIS and mailed free on application; also our yearly Stock, Grain and Cotton Record, which will be completed on January 2, 1896. We offer special facilities to out-of-town brokers.

OUR HARLEM OFFICE has just entered on its fifth year of faithful service to clients in Greater New York, and it may be said truly so, that the service rendered has never been equalled. Aside from being Harlem's oldest stock brokers, we have the largest clientele, more private wires, telephones, employees, telegraph operators, clerks and bookkeepers than any other up-town brokers. Also larger and more commodious suites of offices, with unequaled facilities, NORTH OF WALL STREET.

National Bank references, New York Cotton Exchange references, New York Stock Exchange references, Chicago Board of Trade references.

WILMINGTON OFFICE: 111 North Water Street.

U. M. ROBINSON, Manager.

Out of town business solicited. Dec 30 6m

For This Week

we will devote our especial attention to the sale of

Table Damask,

Doilies,

Napkins and Towels.

We are showing a very extensive stock of the above goods, and will take pleasure in showing them, whether the customers wish to purchase or not. Always have in stock a complete line of

White Goods,

Laces and Embroideries.

LADIES' WRAPS

sold at reduced prices. Call and make your selections while you can procure the size desired.

LADIES' AND MISSES'

MERINO UNDERWEAR

in all grades.

Do not fail to examine our immense stock of

KID GLOVES.

Every pair warranted.

Sole agents for Dr. Jaeger's Woollen Underwear.

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

jan 8 tf

HARDWARE, TINWARE,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Loaded and Unloaded Shells &c.

BEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON.

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

dec 30 tf

Special Prices

In Every Department

DURING NEXT

TWO WEEKS

on account of Stock Taking.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

'Phone 118. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.00.

dec 29 tf

Black Jersey Leggings,

LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN.

For Bicycle and general use and for cold weather.

Ladies' 1 to 5 at $1.50.

Misses' 11 to 13 at 1.25.

Children's 8 to 10 1,00.

The latest out, at

Geo. R. French & Sons.

dec 29 tf